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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

OF THE SEC	SEC FORM 17-A JAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION URITIES REGULATION CODE AND SEC CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPP	CTION 141
1. For the fiscal year ended	December 31, 2009	r
2. SEC Identification Numbe	er 28788 3. BIR Tax Identification	No. 000-473-966
4. Exact name of issuer as sp	pecified in its charterMAKATI FINANCE	CORPORATION
 Makati, Philippines Province, Country or other incorporation or organization 	jurisdiction of Industry Classification	
7. 7823 Makati Avenue, Maka Address of principal office	ati City Pos	1210 tal Code
8(0632)896-02-21 Issuer's telephone number,	including area code	
Former name, former addr	ress, and former fiscal year, if changed since las	t report.
10. Securities registered pursu	ant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 a	and 8 of the RSA
Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Outstanding and Amount	
common stock	191,862,405	8
11. Are any or all of these sec	urities listed on a Stock Exchange.	
Yes [/] No []		
If yes, state the name of su	uch stock exchange and the classes of securities	listed therein:
Philippine Stock Exchange	e <u>common stock</u>	
12. Check whether the issuer:		
or Section 11 of the RSA a	quired to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sect ppines during the preceding twelve (12) months d to file such reports);	ions 26 and 141 of The
Yes [/]	No []	
(b) has been subject to suc	ch filing requirements for the past ninety (90) da	iys.

Yes [/] No []

13. State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant. The aggregate market value shall be computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and asked prices of such stock, as of a specified date within sixty (60) days prior to the date of filing. If a determination as to whether a particular person or entity is an affiliate cannot be made without involving unreasonable effort and expense, the aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates may be calculated on the basis of assumptions reasonable under the circumstances, provided the assumptions are set forth in this Form. (See definition of "affiliate" in "Annex B").

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN INSOLVENCY/SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission.

Yes [/] No []

PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Business

Makati Finance Corporation ("MFC" or "The Company") is a company providing quality financial services and advisory to its clients. The Company has been in the financial services sector since 1966, navigated its way out of the Asian Financial Crisis in 1997-1999, and was listed in the PSE following a successful initial public offering (IPO) in 2003. Since listing, MFC has posted net profits and has consistently declared 30% of its net income as dividends every year which is the Company's dividend policy established in 2003. Moving forward, the Company plans to significantly expand its loan portfolio in the next years.

The Company's main product lines are Rx Cashline – loans especially tailored to medical professionals, MFC Factors – a receivables factoring service for SMEs, and MC Financing, and MC Financing – loans for motorcycle buyers. These are offered domestically, hence there are no foreign sales. Also, no government approval is needed for these products. The management continues to implement cost-cutting measures and impose higher standards of credit evaluation.

Corporate Mission Statement

The Company believes in reaching its goals by focusing on its mission as follows:

"...to become one of the leading financial institutions in the country. Its objective is to become the best rather than the biggest. The Company pursues this objective through the following:

- Efficiency in all aspects of operations
- Client satisfaction at all levels of service
- In-depth market penetration
- Creativity in the provision of competent

solutions

In the long run, Makati Finance sees itself as being the finance company known for excellence in financial service in its niche market."

MFC recognizes its role not only as a source of funding for consumers and businesses but as a partner to its clients in the improvement of their livelihood.

History and Background

On February 17, 1966 the Company was incorporated as Makati Investment & Finance Corporation (MIFC) under SEC registration number 28788. MFC's commercial operations started with engaging in stock dealership functions, credit line extensions, and acceptance of private placements.

The Philippine economy was in an upswing during the 1990s. Consequently, the Company focused on the growth and expansion of its operations and lending activities. Uder the new management, the Company focused on the growth of its loan portfolio to take advantage of the improving Philippine economy. It was during this time when MFC introduced new products and services as well as established additional credit lines with major commercial banks.

In 2005, MFC ventured into motorcycle financing. Seeing that motorcycle financing is a growth area and a profitable market niche, MFC has put considerable effort in developing its MC Financing business line. As part of its efforts to grow this product, the Company has partnered with two motorcycle dealers located in Alabang and Bacoor and through MFC's business relationship with the two dealers, MFC secured a contract which gives the Company a rights of first refusal over the financing of motorcycle sales for the aforementioned locations. All motorcycle financing applications will first be processed by MFC unless they are rejected by the Company. Rejected applications on the other hand are sent to other finance companies. At the end of 2005, MC Financing accounted for 10.9% of the loan portfolio.

In 2006, the Company expanded its motorcycle financing business. MC Financing loans doubled to **P** 39.8 million in 2006 from 2005, representing 18.3% of the loan portfolio. In order to grow their MC Financing loan portfolio without investing heavily on capital expenditures, MFC leveraged on the existing plethora of motorcycle outletsⁱ and after market parts repair shops to increase the Company's sales point networks.

In 2007, MFC focused on having a balanced loan portfolio in order to diversify its revenue sources. The Company further grew its MC Financing portfolio by **56.8%** in 2007. At the end of the year it contributed **26.5%** of MFC's entire interest income.

The year 2008 was focused on setting the baseline for its Growth. We called this our "Clean Up Year".

Early 2008, MFC encountered unusually higher repossessions of motorcycles they were financing. A review of procedures and process resulted to a subsequent revamp and restructure in the organization, most specially in the MC Financing product line. A re-tooling of manpower resources was also done. Accounts generated and existing in 2007 were reviewed to confirm good quality accounts remain and better control measures put in place to ensure of no repeats in control lapses.

The review likewise steered the direction for the Company to evaluate and implement an automated infra structure specific to its financing activity to ensure better control and monitor of all the accounts it handles. New infrastructure triggered renovation on office premises and other leasehold improvements.

The Company saw 2009 as its take off point for growth. Together with the slowly recovering global and domestic economies, MFC is now back in track with more than double its Net Income Before Tax as compared to that of the year 2008.

The Philippine motorcycle industry is expected to grow in the double digits range. While the improving Philippine economy will increase the purchasing power of the average Filipino, rising gas prices have made purchasing motorcycles the more practical alternative to taking long daily commutes. Motorcycle offer an alternative to public transportation and offer a more cost-effective way for the average Filipino to commute. For the next 5 years, the Company is planning to capitalize on this growth by providing financing services in tandem with the aggressive expansion of its dealer-partners.

Operating Departments and Units

The Company has three (3) main operating units that represent each main business line. The following is a brief description of each:

Rx Cashline Group

- The Rx Cashline group is mainly responsible for the Rx Cashline product. This group is tasked with: (i) sales and promotion of the Rx Cashline product to medical professionals, (ii) assist in credit application, investigation, evaluation, and recommendation, (iii) collection as well as (iv) research and development.
- The Rx Cashline group also has a network of accredited referral agents that bring in qualified loan clients.

MFC Factors Group

The MFC Factors Group is responsible for running the receivables factoring business of the Company. Among its basic tasks are: (i) sales and promotion, (ii) credit application, investigation, evaluation, recommendation, and (iii) collection. The account officers are responsible for the research of businesses that seek to factor their receivables for extra liquidity. Factoring leads come from accredited referral agents as well as current clients.

MC Financing Group

The MC Financing Group is tasked with: (i) sales and promotion, (ii) credit application, investigation, evaluation, recommendation, and (iii) collection for the motorcycle financing business of the Company.

Business Operations

The Company's business operations involve: (a) sales and marketing; (b) evaluation and approval of loan applications; and (c) collection of loan accounts. The following discussion presents the various components of the Company's business operations.

Sales and Marketing

The Company's sales and marketing effort is led by the Account Officers/Credit Sales Representatives of each operating department. The AOs/CSRs are responsible for generating new loan accounts as well as monitoring the existing ones. Moreover, each account officer is tasked with generating and monitoring their accounts in their respective service areas.

In addition to the AOs/CSRs of each operating department, the Company also has a large network of accredited agents that refer loan applicants to the Company. The Company's network of referral agents includes both individuals and accredited institutions, such as medical organizations and distributors of medical and dental equipment.

As part of the Company's marketing efforts, the AOs/CSRs employ the following promotional tools: (i) direct mail; (ii) advertisements in trade publications; (iii) fax and e-mail marketing; (iv) telemarketing; (v) door-to-door marketing; (vi) attendance of special events/trade shows; (vii) loan renewal program; and (viii) referral network and programs.

Loan Evaluation and Approval Process

For consumer finance companies, there is prime importance in a complete and adequate evaluation and stringent screening process for new loan applications. Given the country's economic environment, assessing credit risk and quality of new loan accounts become one of the core processes of finance companies such as MFC.

Along with a proprietary credit scoring system, MFC's in-house loan process evaluation includes business and residential visits and ocular inspections. The Company also verifies new loan applications with the Credit Management Association of the Philippines (CMAP) and the Credit Investigation Bureau, Inc. (CIBI) to determine if there exists negative credit findings on a loan applicant. The Account Officer then thoroughly analyzes the application and makes a recommendation.

The Company's Credit Committee makes the final decision on the application for Rx Cashline and MFC Factors group while the Branch Manager and the bookkeeper approves the application for MC Financing based on the AO/CSR's analysis. The Credit Committee is composed of the Senior Managing Director, the COO and the group heads.

Once an application has been approved by the Credit Committee, a check will be prepared for the loan release. The clients are notified of the approval before the loan is released. The clients are also requested to furnish some final documentation prior to the release of the funds. The post-dated checks and other loan requirements from the client are submitted to the cashier. If the required documents are clear and in order, the loan proceeds are then released to the client. Various documents are then provided by the various departments and groups to the Account Officers to facilitate in account monitoring and collection.

Once the MC Financing application is approved by the Branch Manager then various documentations are prepared for the release of the motorcycle unit. The borrower pays for the down payment, registration and the insurance, signs the chattel mortgages and other release forms before the units may be pulled out or delivered to the customer.

Loan Collection Process

Monitoring the loan accounts is the responsibility of the Account Officer or Credit Sales Representative of each of the operating departments. The subsidiary ledger of their respective approved clients contains the schedule of the loan amortization payments. Because the Rx Cashline clients have already given their post-dated checks for the loan repayments, the Account Officers are well advised of the status of each account. Account Officers are always updated on clients that have completed their amortization payments and those that have incurred returned-check payments. Clients whose checks have bounced are immediately advised by the Account Officer in charge to settle the payment as soon as possible with consequent late payment charges and handling fees. With this, it is important to take note that MFC normally evaluates the circumstances of bounced checks on a case-to-case basis to maintain profitable relations with their clients as much as possible. The Credit Sales Representatives, on the other hand, most often directly and personally collects the loan amortizations. Some customers prefer to pay directly to the branch office, but this is only a few.

Customers that do not remit payment on the due date are classified as past due accounts while those that are more than 90 days past due are reclassified as delinquent accounts. Legal action or foreclosure of collateral may be endorsed for accounts that turn delinquent. MC Financing clients' will have their motorcycles units repossessed for 60 days past due. Clients may get them back upon payment of amortization in arrears.

Despite instituting a firm and stringent credit and collection policy, the Company maintains its goal of providing quality service to its clients.

Item 2. Properties

As part of its normal operations, the Company acquires or forecloses on several properties that are mortgaged to secure customers' loans. There are no other mortgages or liens on these properties except those under the name of the Company. These properties have subsequently been transferred to the Company. The Company tries to eventually dispose or sell these properties. The list of these properties is found in the following table:

Location	Size(Sqm)	Description
Capitol Homesite Subd., Brgy. Cotta, Lucena City (2 lots)	561	Transferred
Merville, Paranaque City	92	Transferred
Bo. De Ocampo, Trece Martires City, Cavite	1,410	Transferred
LF Flores, Teachers Village, Brgy. Cotta, Lucena City (6 lots)	900	Transferred
Villanueva, Paranaque City	220	Transferred
Rosario, La Union	3,943	Transferred
TOTAL	13,208	

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

There are no legal proceedings against Makati Finance Corporation (referred to as 'the Company'), except collection and/or foreclosure cases in the normal course of its operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matter that require voting decisions were submitted to the Security Holders in the fourth quarter of the year 2009.

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5. Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Share Capital

The Company has an authorized capital of [P 300,000,000], divided into [300,000,000] Common Shares, with a par value of P1.00 per share, out of which [P 191,862,405], divided into [191,862,405] shares are issued and outstanding.

Subject to the authorization of the SEC, the Company may increase or decrease its authorized capital with the approval of a majority of the Board of Directors and Stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company.

Amendments to Authorized Capital Stock and Par Value

In year 2000, the BOD and stockholders approved, as part of the quasi-reorganization, the decrease in the Company's authorized capital stock of P100,000,000, with a subscribed and paid-up capital of P45,149,780 to P9,949,040 with a subscribed and paid-up capital of P2,487,260. There was no return of capital, thus, the surplus arising from the reduction in the capital amounting to P 42,662,520 was credited to additional paid-in capital.

On the same date, the BOD and stockholders approved the increase in the Company's authorized capital stock from P9,949,040 to P127,000,000, divided into 12,700,000 common shares with a par value of P10 per share.

On January 23, 2001, the Company issued additional 3,198,535 shares to the shareholders against their deposits for future subscriptions amounting to P87,078,288, resulting to an additional paid-in capital of P55,092,938.

On the same date, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved the quasireorganization as described above.

Accordingly, upon such approval, the additional paid-in capital amounting to P97,781,211 as of that date was applied against the Company's deficit as of July 31, 2000 amounting to P97,781,211.

On December 11, 2001, the BOD and stockholders approved the reduction in the Company's authorized capital stock from P127,000,000 to P100,000,000 and from par value of P10 per share to P 1 per share. On March 11, 2002, the BOD and stockholders amended the proposed reduction in the Company's authorized capital stock from P127,000,000 to P90,000,000 and from par value of P10 per share to P1 per share. The reduction in authorized capital stock was approved by the SEC on May 9, 2002. The reduction in par value resulted in the issuance of 31,025,349 additional shares to existing shareholders.

Also on March 11, 2002, the BOD and stockholders approved the offer of up to 19,560,000 shares from the Company's unissued common stock through initial common public offering (IPO). The application for the IPO of the Company was approved by the SEC and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE), on December 9, 2002 and November 28, 2002, respectively. The Company was listed in the

PSE under the Small & Medium Enterprise Board on January 6, 2003 with an offer price of PhP1.38 per share. Underwriter was Abacus Capital & Investment Corporation.

On November 6, 2007, the Board of Directors and stockholders owning or representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of the Company approved the increase in the Company's authorized capital stock from P90,000,000 divided into 90,000,000 Shares, with a par value of P1.00 per share, to P300,000,000, divided into 300,000,000 Shares, with a par value of P1.00 per share.

Stock Dividends

On December 11, 2001, the BOD and stockholders declared stock dividends in the aggregate amount of P20,785,475 in favor of the stockholders of record as of May 31, 2002, with any fractional shares to be paid in cash.

Cash and stock dividends were declared in 2007, 2006 and 2005 equivalent to 30% of the Company's net income after tax. There was no sale of unregistered securities within the last three years.

On November 6, 2007, the Company declared stock dividends in the aggregate amount of **P** 6.9 million out of the unrestricted retained earnings of the Company as of October 31, 2007 in favor of the stockholders of record as of December 31, 2006 in proportion to their shareholdings in the Company with any fractional shares to be paid in cash.

The Company also declared on November 6, 2007, stock dividends in the aggregate amount of **P 50.2** million out of the unrestricted retained earnings of the Company as of October 31, 2007 in favor of stockholders of record as of November 27, 2007 in proportion to their shareholdings in the Company with any fractional shares to be paid in cash.

On June 04, 2009, the Company declared stock dividends in the aggregate amount of P819,716 out of the unrestricted retained earnings of the Company as of December 31, 2008 in favor of stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009 in proportion to their shareholdings in the Company with any fractional shares to be paid in cash.

The movements in the number of shares and capital stock amount for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 as follow:

	20	09	20	08	2007				
	Number		Number		Number				
	of Shares	Amount	of Shares	Amount	of Shares	Amount			
Balance at beginning of year	191,042,689	191,042,689	89,999,959	89,999,959	80,687,187	80,687,187			
Increase in number of shares a result of reduction in p value				_	-				
Stock dividends	819,716	819,716	101,042,730	101,042,730	9,312,772	9,312,772			
Issuance	_	-	_		_				
Balance at end of year	191,862,405	191,862,405	191,042,689	191,042,689	89,999,959	₽89,999,959			

Share Prices:

First Quarter, 2010

High

Low

₽ 1.38 ₽ 1.38

HOLDERS OF COMMON STOCK As of December 31, 2009 TOP 20 Stockholders

Name	Nat	Class	No. of Shares	Percentage
		.		
AMALGAMATED INV. BANCORP.	FIL	А	137,050,821	71.431827%
MF PIKEVILLE HOLDINGS INC.	FIL	A	13,617,635	7.097605%
MICHAEL WEE	FOR	A	7,939,097	4.137912%
BORROMEO BROS. ESTATE INC.	FIL	A	6,269,592	3.267754%
ERIC B. BENITEZ	FIL	Α	5,350,773	2.788860%
MELLISSA B. LIMCAOCO	FIL	А	4,802,330	2.503007%
RENE B. BENITEZ	FIL	A	4,572,329	2.383129%
GLEN B. BENITEZ	FIL	A	4,572,329	2.383129%
JOEL FERRER	FIL	A	1,932,754	1.007365%
RODOLFO B. HERRERA / MAX	FIL	A		
BORROMEO / CARMEN MERCADO			947,197	0.493686%
TERESITA B. BENITEZ	FIL	A	665,973	0.347110%
PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION	FIL	А	577,509	0.301002%
MERG REALTY DEVELOPMENT	FIL	А	331,526	0.172794%
FLB DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	FIL	A	262,457	0.136794%
ISIDRO B. BENITEZ	FIL	А	242,944	0.126624%
SOFIA LIMJAP	FIL	Α	236,863	0.123455%
MELLISSA B. LIMCAOCO ITF	FIL	А		
DANIELLE B. LIMCAOCO			228,596	0.119146%
RENE BENITEZ ITF LORENZO L.	FIL	A		
BENITEZ			228,596	0.119146%
RENE BENITEZ ITF CARMELA L.	FIL	A		
BENITEZ			228,596	0.119146%
GLENN BENITEZ ITF ALESSANDRA	FIL	A		
C. BENITEZ			228,596	0.119146%
SUB-TOTAL			190,286,513	99.178634%
OTHER STOCKHOLDERS			1,575,892	0.821366%
GRAND TOTAL (99 stockholders)			191,862,405	100.00%

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

Plans and Prospects for 2010

The Company intends to continue to ride in the growth of the Philippine motorcycle industry. Thus the 2010 plan of MFC in 2010 includes the expansion in various geographical reach of an additional of about 20 new trading areas staggered throughout the whole of 2010. Our other two products; Rx Cash Line and MFC Factors, are also expected to grow in the double digit range in 2010.

We shall continue to explore other financial products and we also continue to pursue our plan to expand into the savings bank sector. Meanwhile, our thrust is to pursue further growth in our motorcycle financing accounts. We will also maintain a strong quality portfolio in the doctor's loan market and our factoring accounts.

Lending Activities

Being its core business, the Company's thrust is into expanding and strengthening its foothold on its lending operations of niche markets and at the same time exploring with the intention of venturing into new niche markets that will guarantee sustained growth.

MFC positions itself as a player in serving the financing needs of the often neglected middle markets in the Philippines. Because of the vast experience it has gained, the Company's lending activities and loan products will continue to be focused on the niche consumer loan market and SME markets. MFC will also continue and raise the quality of service it provides to its clients. Its future plans and prospects include the following:

- Continue to ride on the projected double digit growth of the motorcycle industry as per Motorcycle Development Program Participant's Association.
- Continue partnerships with existing motorcycle dealers in their expansion and development of new branches in the southern area of Luzon.
- Increase the generation of fleet accounts in the field motorcycle financing either by Salary Deduction or Corporate installment plans.
- Implement the expansion of target markets to municipalities beyond Metro Manila
- Tailor fit and do full implementation of the integrated automated information system installed suited for the financial services of the company.
- Continuous growth in the portfolios of the Company's 3 main credit facilities (Factoring, Rx Cash Line and Motorcyle Financing)

Funds Generation

All these plans shall require sufficient funds generation. With plans of the Additional Public Offering (APO) still on hold, the Company is looking at other sources of funds. Aside from the P300 million facility with AIB and the P50 million term loan and P10 million BP facility with UCPB, the Company shall continue discussions with other banks to raise additional funds to finance its growth.

In the meantime, fund requirements are being met by loans, collections, acceptance of private placements under the 19 lender rule and intensive efforts in disposal of real estate acquired assets.

Discussion of Past Financial Performance

As of December 31, 2009

Results of Operations

Net Income after tax for the year ending December 31, 2009, as reflected in the audited financial statements, was at P10.75 million. This is a 96.7% increase over the NIAT of 2008, or an increase of P5.28 million.

By April 2009, the Company had started to implement its geographical expansion plans for the Motorcycle Financing line. Over the year of 2009, MFC covered a total of nine (9) new trading areas established by our dealer partners. This resulted to a wider reach in the offer of our service, therefore higher loan releases and gradual rise in income generation.

Total operating income jumped from P46.78 million in 2008 to P64.53 million in 2009, a 37.8% increase from 2008 to 2009 performance. Although interest income generated from our Motorcyle Financing line in 2009 more than doubled with the geographic expansion, related

expenses also grew. As in any expansion, there is first the need to invest in the hiring and training of new manpower complement, getting and stocking up on forms and office supplies, buying new office equipment and furniture which spiked up depreciation expenses and doing more extensive marketing and advertising campaigns. All these activities meant expenses incurred up front with little matching income. Total expenses in 2009 reached P48.38 million which is 22.7% higher than the P39.41 million expenses in 2008.

Financial Condition and Capital Resources

In 2009 total assets increased by P90.9 million as against that in 2008, from P363.7 million to P454.6 million which primarily due to the increase in our loan portfolio of our products being offered. There is also a noticeable increase in our notes payable by P55.6 million and other payables by P21.8 million as compared to that in 2008 which is still a result of our geographical expansion in our trading areas.

Interest Income

The interest income this year was up by 38% from interest income for the year 2008.

Net Interest Income

Interest expense did not vary that much. The Company's reduction in net interest income is attributable mainly with the increased in interest expense by only \cancel{P} .3million. The reduction in income is due to timing of loan releases primarily in the MC Financing product.

Other Income

Other income decreased by \cancel{P} 5.2million or 44.8% from December 2008 due to Dividend income received from AIB in 2008.

Income Before Income Tax

Due to the significant increase on interest income and operating expenses as mentioned above, income before income tax increased by 120.1% from December 2008.

Net Income

The Company posted a net income of P 10.75million compared to P 5.46million in 2008 or an increase of 96.7%.

As of December 31, 2008

Results of Operations

Audited net income for the year ending December 31, 2008 was P 5.47million. This is a decrease of P 9.58million or 63.6% lower than the P15.05million net income of 2007.. Operating expense is at P 39.44million as of year-end. This is an increase of 42.2% compared to last year's operating expenses of P 27.73million. The increase in operating expenses is primarily a result from the clean-up of accounts triggered by the computerization program we started in 2008.

Financial Condition and Capital Resources

For the year ended December 2008, the company's total assets reached P 363.73million. The increase in assets was 0.6% of the total assets as of December 31, 2007. Increase in the company's receivables amounted to 11.1% from December of last year. Increase in borrowings by P 2.3million is mainly due to increased loan production. Motorcycle financing beefed up its loan portfolio for the year. Four investment properties were sold during the year. The P 50million prepayment with Honda Motor World Incorporated has been used up in 2008. Increase in fixed assets are additional generally transportation equipments and leasehold

improvements. Likewise, the Company acquired an automated financial infrastructure for implementation in 2009.

Interest Income

The interest income year was short by 8.4% from interest income for the year 2007.

Net Interest Income

Interest expense did not vary that much. The Company's reduction in net interest income is attributable mainly with the reduction in interest income by \mathbf{P} 4.3million. The reduction in income is due to timing of loan releases primarily in the MC Financing product and the effect on the granting of promo and discount on Interest rates in 2007 to cope with the tight competition in the market and which effect we are feeling now.

Other Income

Other income decreased by P = 0.8 million or 6.8% from December 2007.

Income Before Income Tax

Due to the significant increase on operating expenses as mentioned above, income before income tax decreased by 69.4% from December 2007.

Net Income

The Company posted a net income of \clubsuit 5.47million compared to \clubsuit 15.05million in 2007 or a decrease of 63.6%.

As of December 31, 2007

Results of Operations

Audited net income for the year ending December 31, 2007 was P 15.05million. This is a decrease of P1.15-million or 7% over the net income of 2006 amounting to P 16.2million. Operating expenses of P 27.7million as of year-end, this is an increase of 12.74% compared to last year's operating expenses of P24.6million.

Financial Condition and Capital Resources

For the year ended December 2007, the company's total assets reached P361.46 million. The increase in assets was 54.5% of the total assets as of December 31, 2006. Increase in the company's receivables amounted to 13.67% from December last year. Increase in borrowings, mainly due to increased loan production, amounted to P64.08 million or 81.1%. Motorcycle financing and factoring beefed up the loan portfolio for the year. Three investment properties were sold during the year. There was also a P75 million equity investment in Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation shares of stock that was purchased by Makati Finance Corporation and a P 50 million prepayment with Honda Motor World Incorporated.

Interest Income

The interest income for the first year was short by 1.46% from interest income for the year 2006.

Net Interest Income

Interest expense increased by P 3.33million, made the Company's net interest income decrease by 9.43%. This was due to promo and discount on Interest rates made during the year to cope with the tight competition in the market

Net Interest Income After Provisions

Net interest income after provisions further decreased by 7.15% from December 2006.

Other Income

Other income increased by Php 7.54 mm or 156.77% from December 2006. The increase in other income mainly was the sale of investment properties and a recovery of charged off account amounting to Php1mm.

Income Before Income Tax

Due to the significant increase on other income as abovementioned, income before income tax increased by 1.38% from December 2006.

Net Income

The Company posted a net income of Php15.04mm compared to Php16.2mm in 2006 or a decrease of 7%.

Item 7. Financial Statements

The audited financial statements are herewith attached as "ANNEX A".

Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There are none.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

Directors and Executive Officers

The Directors elected who shall serve for a term of one (1) year or until their successors shall have been elected, and their business experience for the last five years:

Dr. Isidro B. Benitez, 83, Filipino, is the Chairman of the Board. Dr. Benitez has served as a Director since the Company's incorporation. He is also the Chairman of Obstetrics and Gynecology of the Makati Medical Center, MERG Realty Corporation and Amalgamated Development Corporation. Concurrently, Dr. Benitez is the Vice-Chairman of AIB and a Director of Nationwide Health Systems. He was formerly the Chairman of Obstetrics and Gynecology of the University of the Philippines / Philippine General Hospital where he worked from 1955 to 1988. He is presently the Chairman of the Examining Board of SGOP, Philippine OB-Gyne Society. He obtained his Doctor of Medicine degree from the University of the Philippines, specialized in Obstetrics and Gynecology at John Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland and took courses in the Senior Executive MBA Program of the Ateneo de Manila University. He is also a director of Dearborn Motors, Inc. and Vice Chairman of Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation.

Mr. Juan Carlos del Rosario, 60, Filipino, is the Vice Chairman of the Board. He has served as a Director since 1996. Mr. Del Rosario is currently the Chairman of AIB and Inter Global Alliances Inc. He was formerly the Senior Vice President and Chief Investment Officer of the Philippine American Life Insurances

Co. (AIG Philippines) where he served as a member of the Board of Directors in several of its subsidiaries and affiliated companies. He was a Director of AIG Investment Corporation (Asia) Ltd., Cosmos Bottling Co., Bacnotan Cement Corporation, Investment Capital Corporation of the Philippines and Science Park of the Philippines Inc. Prior to joining the AIG/Philamlife Group, he had worked for 17 years for Chase Manhattan Bank in New York Head Office, and overseas postings in Saudi Arabia, Brazil and the Philippines. He is a graduate of De La Salle University, Manila with Bachelor of Arts (History) and Bachelor of Science (Commerce) degrees. He received his MBA (Finance and Marketing) from Columbia University, New York City and also completed the Executive Development Program at Cornell University Graduate School of Management Ithaca, New York and the Strategic Business Economics Program at the University of Asia and the Pacific, Manila.

Ms. Teresita B. Benitez, 75, Filipino, is the Company's President. She has been a Director since 2001. She had previously worked for the Philippine Bank of Commerce as Assistant Personnel Manager and United Coconut Planters Bank as Assistant Corporate Secretary. She had also been a director at Asiatrust Bank and Amalgamated Development Corporation. At present she is the Treasurer and Director of Nationwide Health Systems and FLB Development Corporation and the President of MERG Realty and Development Corporation. Ms. Benitez obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce from the University of San Francisco.

Mr. Max O. Borromeo, 61, Filipino, is the Company's Senior Managing Director/COO. He has been a Director since 2000. Aside from being a Director of the Company, Mr. Borromeo is concurrently President and a Director of Honda Motor World, Inc., HMW Lending Investors, Dearborn Motors Co., Inc, Astron Gestus, Inc., Visayas Auto Ventures, Inc., Cebu Maxi Management Corporation, Maxi Agricultural Corporation, Cebu Parkland, Inc. He is also a Director in the following companies: Borromeo Brothers Estate, Inc., Margarita Agro-Industrial Corp., Salud Borromeo Foundation, Inc. and McBros Development Corporation. At present, Mr. Borromeo is the governor of the Cebu Business Park. He graduated with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the Ateneo de Manila University.

Mr. Rene B. Benitez, 48, Filipino, is the Company's Managing Director/VP. He has been a Director since 1996. Prior to joining the Company, he held the position of Country Manager of the Development Bank of Singapore ("DBS") Securities, Inc. He has had extensive experience in foreign and local investment banking and capital market operations, having been connected with Insular Investment and Trust Corporation, Shearson Lehman Brothers (USA), Prudential Bache Securities (USA) and the World Bank. He was formerly a member of the Philippine Stock Exchange and is currently Director of H. Thomas Group, Inc., Vision Air Flight Support Service, Inc., Pikeville, Inc., MERG Realty and Development Corporation, Commercial & Consumer Credit Corporation, Global Credit and Management Group, JCR Realty and Management and Interglobal Alliances. He graduated from Claremont Colleges / Pitzer College with a double degree in Business Economics and Organizational Studies. He also has a Master's Degree in Economics from Yale University.

Mr. Joel S. Ferrer, 56, Filipino, has served as a Director since 1998. Mr. Ferrer is currently the President of PARMAN Inc., an overseas recruitment company. At the same time he also manages his family's aquaculture business. Previous to this, he had worked for ERECSA, Inc. where he was the Executive Vice President. His other work experience includes being an investment executive at the Summa International Bank of Indonesia and a Lending Officer at the Bank of America. He obtained his Masters Degree in Business Management from the Asian Institute of Management and completed the Strategic Business Economics Program of the University of Asia and the Pacific.

Mr. Francisco C. Eizmendi Jr., 74, Filipino, is one of the Independent Directors of the Company. He was elected as a Director in the recent Stockholders' Meeting of Makati Finance Corporation and concurrently a Director of RCBC Forex Brokers Corporation. Mr. Eizmendi had been the President and Chief Operating Officer of San Miguel Corporation for 15 years. He also had been a member of the Advisory Board of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation. Mr. Eizmendi graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering Degree from the University of Santo Tomas in 1956.

Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes, 73, Filipino, is one of the Independent Directors of the Company. He was elected as a Director only in the last quarter of 2003. Atty. Reyes is with Jacob Jacob & Associates, concurrently the Corporate Secretary of Parman, Inc. and Executive Secretary of the Philippine Association of Securities Brokers and Dealers, Inc. He was also a former Director of the Securities & Exchange Commission from 1999 to 2001. Atty. Reyes finished his Bachelor of Laws at the University of Southern Philippines in Cebu City.

Mr. Michael Wee Soon Lock, 74, Singaporean, has served as a Director since 1998. Mr. Wee is a senior ASEAN banker and retired Executive Chairman of Development Bank of Singapore Securities Holding PTE Ltd. He has held the positions of the Chairman of NatSteel Ltd., Deputy Chairman of DBS Land, Executive Vice President of the Development Bank of Singapore, General Securities Investments Ltd., Singapore Bus Service Ltd., Laguna National

Golf and Country Club, Ltd. and was the Director of NFC Merchant Bank, Ltd. Mr. Wee graduated with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of Birmingham and obtained his Masters Degree in Finance from the University of British Colombia.

Independent Directors

Among the Directors, Messrs. Francisco C. Eizmendi Jr. and Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes were elected as the two (2) Independent Directors of the Company at the 2008 Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Senior Management

Ms. Cynthia M. Gacayan – Chief Operating Officer, 55, Filipino. Cynthia was employed by the Company in 2007 as its new CFO and in June 2008 was designated as Chief Operating Officer. She was the CFO/Finance Group Head of Cintree Management Services, Inc. (managing arm for the PJ Lhuillier companies) for 2 years. For 10 years she served as the Senior Vice President of Finance and Administration of the Science Park of the Philippines, Inc. (1990 – 2001). She also served as a Director for the Kyudenko Needs Creator IT Company from 2002 to 2005. Subsequently she became the CFO of Cintree Management Services Inc. in 2005 to 2007. She graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from the University of San Carlos in 1975. She completed her master's degree in Business Management from the University of the Philippines in 1984 and finished the Top Management Program of Asian Institute of Management in 1997

Atty. Danilo Enrique O. Co, Corporate Secretary and Legal Counsel, 41, Filipino. Atty. Co has been serving the Corporation has its Corporate Secretary and Legal Counsel shortly after it went public in 2003. He is currently the Managing Partner of Co Ferrer & Ang-Co Law Offices. He is also the Corporate Secretary and legal counsel of Information Capital Technology Ventures, Inc., a publicly-listed company, and a Director and/or Corporate Secretary of several other Philippine corporations, including Western Roadhouse Foods, Inc., Papercon, Inc., Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation and Kalayaan College. Atty. Co obtained his BS Business Administration (cum laude) and Law degrees from the University of the Philippines.

Mr. Albert J. Batacan, Factoring Manager, Chief Information Officer and Compliance Officer, 50, Filipino. He has been employed by the Company since 2000. Prior to his employment with the Company, Mr. Batacan had served in various functions in a number of companies through the years. His more recent job experiences were with PARMAN, Inc. as Administrative Assistant, Toyota Bel-Air, Inc. as Financing Coordinator and YL Finance, Inc. as a Marketing Officer. Mr. Batacan graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Management Degree from the Letran College.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

The Company has an existing management contract with Honda Motor World for advice and assistance in the MC Financing product assisted by Mr. Max O. Borromeo, Senior Managing Director and with Pikeville, Inc. for advice and assistance to be provided by Mr. Rene B. Benitez, Managing Director. Each of the directors receive per diem amounting to P20,000 for every Board meeting they attend.

Year	Name and Principal Position	Aggregate Compensation
For the twelve (12) Months	Executive Officers	
Ended December 31, 2009	Teresita B. Benitez – President	
(Actual)	Max O. Borromeo - Senior Managing Director	
	Rene B. Benitez - Managing Director	
	Cynthia M. Gacayan - COO/CFO	
	All Executive Officers as a Group	6,029,000
	All Board Directors and Officers as a Group	6,789,000
For the twelve (12) Months	Executive Officers	
Ended December 31, 2008	Teresita B. Benitez - President	
(Actual)	Max O. Borromeo – Senior Managing Director	
	Rene B. Benitez - Managing Director	
	Cynthia M. Gacayan - COO/CFO	
	All Executive Officers as a Group	6,029,000
	All Board Directors and Officers as a Group	6,669,000
For the twelve (12) Months	Executive Officers	
Ended December 31, 2007	Teresita B. Benitez – President	
	Max O. Borromeo – Senior Managing Director	
	Rene B. Benitez – Managing Director	
	Cynthia M. Gacayan - Chief Finance Officer	
	All Executive Officers as a Group	4,185,452
	All Board Directors and Officers as a Group	5,285,452

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

A. BOD AND OFFICERS OWNING MORE THAN 5% EQUITY

Title and Class	DIRECT	No. of Shares	% to Total
Common	Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation	137,050,821.00	71.431827%
Common	Pikeville Bancshares	13,617,635.00	7.097605%
	TOTAL	150,668,456.00	78.529432%
	INDIRECT		
	NONE	-	0%
	TOTAL	150,024,701.00	78.529412%
В.	BOD AND OFFICERS WITH DIRECT OWNERSHIP		
Title/Class		No. of Shares	% to Total
Common	Michael Wee Son Lock	7,939,097.00	4.137912%
Common	Rene B. Benitez	4,572,329.00	2.383129%
Common	Rene B. Benitez in trust for: Carmela L. Benitez	228,596.00	0.119146%
Common	Rene B. Benitez in trust for: Lorenzo L. Benitez	228,596.00	0.119146%
	Rene Benitez	12,968,618.00	6.759333%
Common	Joel S. Ferrer	1,932,754.00	1.007365%

Teresita B. Benitez	665,973.00	0.347110%
Isidro B. Benitez	242,944.00	0.126624%
Maximo O. Borromeo	1,160,183.00	0.604695%
Juan Carlos del Rosario	29.00	0.000015%
Francisco C. Eizmendi Jr.	15.00	0.000008%
Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes	15.00	0.000008%
TOTAL		
	4,001,913.00	2.085824%
BOD AND OFFICERS WITH INDIRECT OWNERSHIP		
	No. of Shares	% to Total
Rene B. Benitez	108,393	.0565%
	222 122	.1164%
Teresita B. Benitez	223,423	.1104 /0
Teresita B. Benitez Maximo O. Borromeo	20,426	.0106%
	,	
	Maximo O. Borromeo Juan Carlos del Rosario Francisco C. Eizmendi Jr. Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes TOTAL BOD AND OFFICERS WITH INDIRECT OWNERSHIP Rene B. Benitez Joel S. Ferrer	Isidro B. Benitez 242,944.00 Maximo O. Borromeo 1,160,183.00 Juan Carlos del Rosario 29.00 Francisco C. Eizmendi Jr. 15.00 Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes 15.00 TOTAL 4,001,913.00 BOD AND OFFICERS WITH INDIRECT OWNERSHIP No. of Shares Rene B. Benitez 108,393 Joel S. Ferrer

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Dr. Isidro B. Benitez and Ms. Teresita B. Benitez are spouses, and Mr. Rene B. Benitez is their son.

Related Party Transactions

The following transactions have been entered into with related parties:

				Elements of	Transactions	
	Nature of Related	Nature of	Balance Sh	neet Amount	Income State	ment Amoun
Related party	Party Relationship	Transaction	2009	2008	2009	2008
AIB	Stockholder	Receivables	₽ 101,007	₽101,007	₽	₽
		Payables	182,100,000	119,300,000	-	-
		Car Lease Contract	101,022	224,772	-	-
		Interest Expense			8,846,460	10,332,861
Merg Realty and						
Development						
Corporation	Stockholder	Receivables	-	-		
		Payables	500,000	1,500,000-	-	-
		Rental			591,360	591,360
		Interest expense	-	-	99,222	51,945
Honda Motor World	Affiliates	Professional Fee	-	-	1,440,000	1,440,000
		Payables	2,297,722	225,152-	-	-
Others	Affiliates	Interest Expense		-	-	88,760
	Employees	Receivables	2,318,016	-	-	-
	Employees	Notes Payable	1,000,000			
	Directors	Professional fees	2,325,424	-	-	1,100,000
	Directors	Notes Payable	1,057,034	15,001,417	-	-
	Directors	Management Fees	-	-	500,000	720,000
Feliz Management	Affiliates	Professional Fee	-	-	-	945,012
Pikeville ancshares	Affiliates	Professional Fee	-	-	868,000	930,000
Merg Resources	Affiliates	Rent expense	-	-	-	200,000

PART IV - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 13. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

(a) Exhibits

The Company's audited financial statements are hereby attached as "ANNEX A".

(b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

The reports on SEC Form 17-C filed during the last six months ended December 31, 2009 are hereby attached "ANNEX B".

Quarterly Financial Reports ending March 31, 2009 were submitted to the SEC on May 11, 2009; quarterly ending June 30, 2009 on August 11, 2009 and for the quarter ending September 30, 2009 on November 10, 2009.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEX A

Makati Finance Corporation

Financial Statements December 31, 2009 and 2008 and Years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007

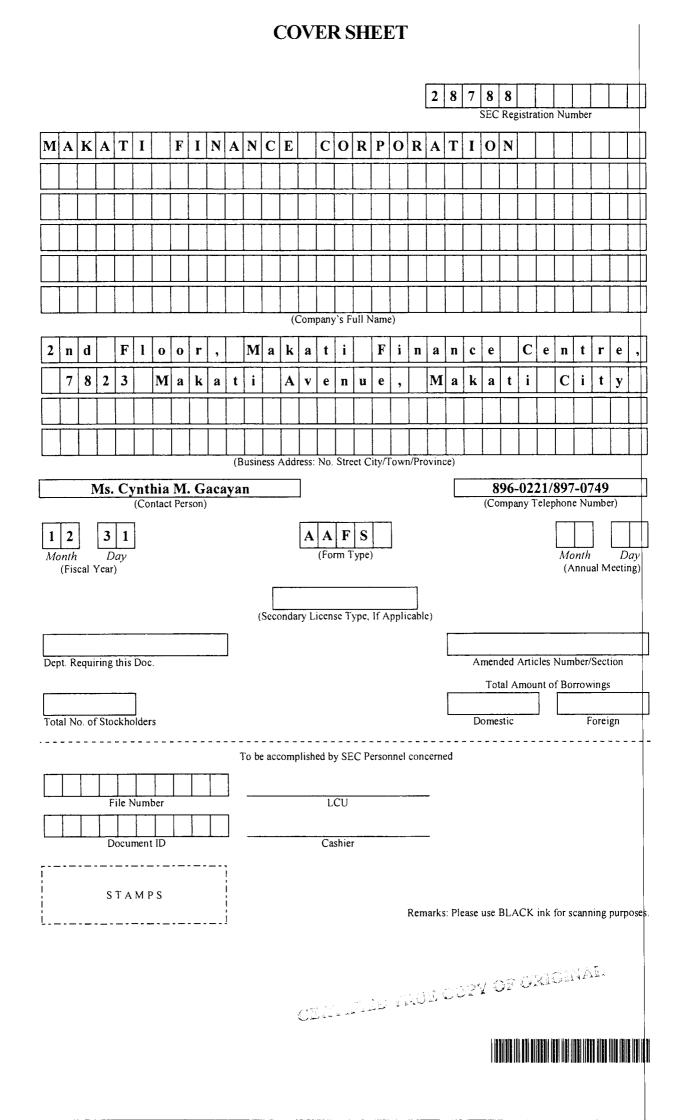
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Jependent Auditors' Report

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co.

COVER SHEET

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SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Phone (632) 891 0307 Fax (632) 819 0872 www.sgv.com.ph

BOA/PRC Reg No 0001 SEC Accreditation No 0012-FR-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Makati Finance Corporation 2nd Floor, Makati Finance Centre 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Makati Finance Corporation, which comprise the balance sheets as at December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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- 2 -

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Makati Finance Corporation as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Janeth J. Muiz Janeth T. Nuñez Partner CPA Certificate No. 111092 SEC Accreditation No. 0853-A Tax Identification No. 900-322-673 PTR No. 2087557, January 4, 2010, Makati City

CLARING AND COPY CONTRACTOR

March 24, 2010



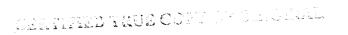
MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS

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	December \$1				
	2009	2008			
ASSETS					
Cash on Hand and in Banks (Note 7)	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638			
Loans and Other Receivables (Notes 8 and 21)	339,954,337	247,354,770			
Available-for-Sale Financial Assets (Note 9)	75,150,000	75,150,000			
Investment Properties (Note 10)	7,812,512	8,150,128			
Investment in Subsidiaries (Note 11)	100,000	100,000			
Property and Equipment (Note 12)	7,162,370	11,407,807			
Deferred Tax Assets (Note 19)	2,059,825	4,853,595			
Other Assets (Note 13)	6,697,239	3,637,447			
	₽454,633,061	₽363,730,385			
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities Notes payable (Notes 15 and 21)	₽200,897,948	₽145,325,925			
Accounts and other payables (Notes 16 and 21)	30,837,597	8,993,434			
Income tax payable	2,602,081				
Accrued expenses	6,621,739	5,689,119			
Pension liability (Note 20)	949,867	926,784			
	241,909,232	160,935,262			
Equity (Note 18) Capital stock - Pl par value Authorized - 300,000,000 shares in 2009 and 2008 Issued and outstanding - 191,862,405 shares in 2009 and					
191,042,689 shares in 2008	191,862,405	191,042,689			
Additional paid-in capital	5,803,922	5,803,922			
Retained earnings	15,157,502	6,048,512			
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investments (Note 9)	(100,000)	(100,000			
	212,723,829	202,795,123			
·····	₽454,633,061	₽363,730,385			

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See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year	s Ended December 3	1
	2009	2008	2007
INTEREST INCOME (Notes 7, 8 and 21)	₽69,866,624	₽47,365,319	₽52,515,923
INTEREST EXPENSE (Notes 15 and 21)	11,685,638	11,320,848	11,504,977
NET INTEREST INCOME	58,180,986	36,044,471	41,010,946
OTHER INCOME			
Service charges	5,022,798	2,575,699	5,847,934
Dividends (Note 9)	7,300	5,363,528	
Gain on sale of:	,,000	0,000,020	
Investment properties	_	887,706	2,101,609
Property and equipment	-	78,432	8,996
Reversal of allowance for impairment losses (Note 14)	-	1,414,459	
Recovery on assets charged off		_	1,000,000
Unrealized foreign exchange gains		_	164,531
Miscellaneous (Note 26)	1,322,804	414,023	1,566,801
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	6,352,902	10,733,847	10,689,871
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME	64,533,888	46,778,318	51,700,817
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and employee benefits (Notes 20 and 21)	12,098,805	8,034,511	5,017,313
Management and professional fees (Note 21)	7,154,990	12,456,425	8,122,419
Provision for impairment losses (Note 14)	5,496,471	464,243	1,099,083
Taxes and licenses	4,437,722	3,051,896	3,895,296
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 10 and 12)	3,896,588	2,167,863	2,426,6 9 4
Commissions	2,996,692	865,645	1,073,233
Travel and transportation	1,711,552	524,754	1,077,363
Entertainment, amusement and recreation (Note 19)	1,583,632	325,067	295,305
Rent (Notes 21 and 25)	769,412	1,160,586	958,674
Amortization of software costs (Note 13)	464,490	250,775	150,000
Unrealized foreign exchange losses	-	-	63,596
Litigation/asset acquired expenses	_		43,130
Miscellaneous (Note 23)	7,772,583	10,140,073	3,502,955
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	48,382,937	39,441,838	27,725,061
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	16,150,951	7,336,480	23,975,756
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 19)	5,402,433	1,871,386	8,928,107
NET INCOME	10,748,518	5,465,094	15,047,649
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Net unrealized gain (loss) on available for-sale investments (Note 9)	_	(10,000)	20,000
	B10 #40 #10		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽10,748,518	₽5,455,094	₽15,067,649
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note 22)	P0.06	₽0.03	₽0.16
		1	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Capital Stock (Note 18)	Additional Paid-In Capital	Deposits for Future Stock Subscription (Note 18)	Retained Earnings (Note 18)	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available For-Sale Investments (Note 9)	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2009 Stock dividends	₽191,042,689 819,716	₽5,803,922	₽	₽6,048,512 (819,716)	(P 100,000)	₽202,795,123 _
Cash dividends		-	-	(819,812)	_	(819,812)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	10,748,518		10,748,518
Balance at December 31, 2009	₽191,862,405	₽5,803,922	₽	₽15,157,502	(₽100,000)	₽212,723,829
Balance at January 1, 2008 Stock dividends	₱89,999,959 52,499,041	₽4,347,611	₽50,000,000	₱55,339,600 (52,499,041)	(₱90,000) -	₽199,597,170 -
Cash dividends	-	-	_	(2,257,141)	-	(2,257,141)
Issuance of shares of stock Total comprehensive income for the year	48,543,689	1,456,311	(50,000,000)	- 5,465,094	(10,000)	- 5,455,094
Balance at December 31, 2008	₽191,042,689	₽5,803,922	₽-	₽6,048,512	(₱100,000)	₽202,795,123
Balance at January 1, 2007	₽80,687,187	₽4,347,611		₽52,035,595 (9,312,772)	(₱110,000)	₽136,960,393
Stock dividends Cash dividends	9,312,772	-	-	(2,430,872)	-	(2,430,872)
Deposits for future stock subscription	-	~	50.000,000	-	_	50,000,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		_	15,047,649	20,000	15,067,649
Balance at December 31, 2007	₽89,999,959	₽4,347,611	₽50,000,000	₽55,339,600	(₱90,000)	₽199,597,170

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See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

ORIGINAL TRUE COMPACT STRUCTURE

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31		
	2009	2008	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before income tax	₽16,150,951	₽7,336,480	₽23,975,756
Adjustments for:			
Provision for impairment and credit losses (Note 14)	5,496,471	464,243	1,099,083
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 10 and 12)	3,896,588	2,167,863	2,426,694
Amortization of software costs (Note 13)	464,490	250,775	150,000
Reversal of allowance for impairment losses			
(Note 14)	_	(1,414,459)	_
Net unrealized foreign exchange gains	_	_	(100,935)
Gain on sale of:			
Investment properties	-	(887,706)	(2,101,609)
Property and equipment		(78,432)	(8,996)
Dividend income (Note 9)	(7,300)	(5,363,528)	_
Operating income before changes in working capital	26,001,200	2,475,236	25,439,993
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in:			
Loans and other receivables	(98,096,038)	(25,274,058)	(27,259,867)
Other assets	(1,234,812)	36,303,251	(35,649,402)
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts and other payables	21,867,246	3,951,026	(2,579,274)
Accrued expenses	932,620	530,387	1,082,507
Net cash generated from (used in) operations	(50,529,784)	17,985,842	(38,966,043)
Income taxes paid	(6,582)	(11,297,658)	(6,478,613)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(50,536,366)	6,688,184	(45,444,656)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of:			
Investment properties		4,554,099	4,510,000
Property and equipment		2,304,529	719,999
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 9)		-	(75,000,000)
Acquisitions of property and equipment (Note 12)	(1,603,005)	(11,970,437)	(175,000)
Cash dividends received	7,300	5,363,528	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,595,705)	251,719	(69,945,001)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Availments of notes payable	84,525,545	43,634,456	132,182,087
Payments of notes payable	(28,953,522)	(41,327,470)	(68,100,000)
Deposits for future stock subscription (Note 18)	_	_	50,000,000
Cash dividends paid (Note 18)	(819,812)	(2,257,141)	(2,430,872)
Net cash provided by financing activities	54,752,211	49,845	111,651,215

(Forward)

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	Years Ended December 31		
	2009	2008	2007
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH ON HAND			
AND IN BANKS	₽2,620,140	₽6,989,748	(₱3,738,442)
CASH ON HAND AND IN BANKS AT BEGINNING			
OF YEAR	13,076,638	6,086,890	9,825,332
CASH ON HAND AND IN BANKS AT			
END OF YEAR	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638	₽6,086,890

OPERATIONAL CASH FLOWS FROM INTEREST

	Years Ended December 31		
	2009	2008	2007
Interest income received	₽66,241,890	₽46,250,481	₽52,021,709
Interest expense paid	9,970,061	11,452,478	10,404,730

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. General Information

Makati Finance Corporation (the Company) was incorporated on February 17, 1966. The Company operates as a domestic corporation engaged in the sale of various financial products and services, catering generally to the consumer market. The Company's principal place of business is at 2nd Floor, Makati Finance Centre, 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City. The Company was listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange on January 6, 2003 and is majority-owned by Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation (AIB).

The accompanying financial statements of the Company were endorsed for approval by the Audit Committee on March 24, 2010 and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 24, 2010.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale (AFS) investments that have been measured at fair value, and these financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, the Company's functional currency.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company adopted in 2009 the new and amended standards and interpretations enumerated below. Except as otherwise indicated, these changes in accounting policies did not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

New Standards

Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

The revised standard separates owner and non-owner changes in equity. The statement of changes in equity includes only details of transactions with owners, with non-owner changes in equity presented in a reconciliation of each component of equity. In addition, the standard introduces the statement of comprehensive income: it presents all items of recognized income and expense, either in a single statement, or in two-linked statements. The Company has elected to present one single statement.

PFRS 8, Operating Segments

PFRS 8 replaced PAS 14, *Segment Reporting*, upon its effectivity date. The Company concluded that the operating segments determined in accordance with PFRS 8 are the same as the business segments previously identified under PAS 14. PFRS 8 disclosures are shown in Note 6, including the related revised comparative information.

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Amendments to Standards

PFRS 7 Amendments - Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments The amendments to PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, require additional disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. Fair value measurements related to items recorded at fair value are to be disclosed by source of inputs using a three level fair value hierarchy, by class, for all financial instruments recognized at fair value. In addition, a reconciliation between the beginning and ending balance for level 3 fair value measurements is now required, as well as significant transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy. The amendments also clarify the requirements for liquidity risk disclosures with respect to derivative transactions and financial assets used for liquidity management. The fair value measurement and liquidity risk disclosures are not significantly impacted by the amendments and are presented in Notes 4 and 5, respectively.

The issuance of and amendments to the following PAS and Philippine Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Company:

- PAS 23, Borrowing Costs (Revised)
- PAS 32 and PAS 1 Amendments, Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation
- PFRS 1 and PAS 27 Amendments, Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate
- PFRS 2 Amendment, Vesting Conditions and Cancellations
- Philippine Interpretation International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes
- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 16, Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation
- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers
- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 9 and PAS 39 Amendments, Embedded Derivatives

Improvements to PFRS 2008 and 2009

The omnibus amendments to PFRS issued in 2008 and 2009 were issued primarily with a view to remove inconsistencies and clarify wordings. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. The adoption of the amendments resulted in changes in accounting policies but did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Company.

PAS 18 *Revenue*, the amendment adds guidance (which accompanies the standard) to determine whether an entity is acting as a principal or as an agent. The features to consider are whether the entity:

- Has primary responsibility for providing the goods or service
- Has inventory risk
- Has discretion in establishing prices
- Bears the credit risk

The Company has assessed its revenue arrangements against these criteria and concluded that it is acting as principal in all arrangements. The revenue recognition policy has been updated accordingly.



Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less from dates of placement and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Date of recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets or financial liabilities in the balance sheet when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the settlement date.

Initial recognition of financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. Except for securities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), the initial measurement of financial assets includes transaction costs.

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: Securities at FVPL, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, and AFS investments. Financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities at FVPL and other financial liabilities carried at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired and whether they are quoted in an active market. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates such designation at every balance sheet date.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are of the nature of loans and receivables and AFS investments, and other financial liabilities, respectively.

Determination of fair value

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the balance sheet date is based on its quoted market price or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. When current bid and ask prices are not available, the price of the most recent transaction provides evidence of the current fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances since the time of the transaction.

For all other financial instruments not listed in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation methodologies. Valuation methodologies include net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and other relevant valuation models.



Day 1 difference

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different to the fair value from other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on valuation methodologies whose variables include only data from observable markets, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a Day 1 difference) in the statement of comprehensive income when it qualifies for recognition or some other type of asset. In cases where use is made of data which is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the Day 1 difference amount.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and for which the Company has no intention of trading. This accounting policy relates to balance sheet captions, "Cash on hand and in banks" and "Loans and other receivables".

After initial measurement, loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest (EIR) method, less allowance for impairment losses. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the EIR. The amortization is included in the statement of comprehensive income. The losses arising from impairment of such loans and receivables are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income income.

Loans and receivables are stated at the outstanding balance, reduced by unearned discounts and capitalized interest on restructured loans and allowance for impairment losses.

Loans and receivables are classified as nonperforming or considered impaired when the principal is past due, or when, in the opinion of management, collection of interest and principal is doubtful. These receivables will not be reclassified as performing until interest and principal payments are brought current or the receivables are restructured and future payments appear assured. Receivables are considered past due when three installment payments are in arrears.

Client's equity represents the amount withheld by the Company as protection against customer returns and allowances and other special adjustments, which is equivalent to 30.00% of the receivables factored. This is diminished proportionately as the receivables from factoring are collected.

AFS investments

AFS investments are those nonderivative financial assets that are designated as such or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories. These are purchased and held indefinitely, and may be sold in response to liquidity requirements or changes in market conditions. AFS investments pertain to golf club shares and an investment in an affiliated company.

After initial measurement, AFS investments are measured at fair value. The unrealized gains or losses arising from the fair valuation of AFS investments are excluded from reported earnings and are reported as "Net unrealized gain/loss on AFS investments" in other comprehensive income.



When the investment is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Interest earned on the AFS investment, is reported as interest income using the EIR method. Dividends earned are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the Company's right to receive payment is established. The losses arising from impairment of such investments are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes payable and other borrowed funds

Issued financial instruments or their components, which are not designated at FVPL, are classified as notes payable or other appropriate account titles for such borrowed funds, where the substance of the contractual arrangements results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares. The components of issued financial instruments that contain both liability and equity elements are accounted for separately, with the equity component being assigned the residual amount after deducting from the instrument as a whole the amount separately determined as the fair value of the liability component on the date of issue.

After initial measurement, notes payable and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of EIR.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are financial liabilities not designated as at FVPL where the substance of the contractual arrangements results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder or to satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash. After initial measurement, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the EIR.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of financial assets) is derecognized when:

- (a) the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired;
- (b) the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third-party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- (c) the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either
 - (i) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - (ii) has neither transferred nor retained the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.



Financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower or a group of borrowers is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Loans and receivables

If there is objective evidence that a credit loss on loans and receivables has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Interest income continues to be accrued based on the original EIR of the asset. Receivables, together with the associated allowance accounts, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated credit loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized credit loss is reduced by adjusting the allowance for impairment losses. If a future write-off is later recovered, any amounts formerly charged are credited to the "Provision for impairment and credit losses" account in the statement of comprehensive income.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original EIR. If a receivable has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any credit loss is the current EIR, adjusted for the original credit risk premium.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Company to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.



AFS financial assets

In the case of equity investments classified as AFS financial assets, impairment would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investments below its cost. When there is evidence of impairment loss, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in the profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognized in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the profit or loss. Increases in fair value after impairment are recognized directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Investments in Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries pertain to all entities over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.

The Company's investment in subsidiaries are carried at cost less allowance for impairment losses.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in value.

The initial cost of property and equipment consists of its purchase price, and any directly attributable costs to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged against operations in the year in which the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property and equipment. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected as income or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-5 years
Leasehold rights and improvements	10 years or over the period of the
	lease, whichever is shorter
Transportation equipment	3-5 years

The useful lives and the depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the period and the method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are written down to their recoverable amount. See policy on impairment of property and equipment, investment properties and other assets

Investment Properties



Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. An investment property acquired through an exchange transaction is measured at fair value of the asset acquired unless the fair value of such an asset cannot be measured, in which case the investment property acquired is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up. Subsequent to initial recognition, depreciable investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value.

Foreclosed properties are classified under investment properties at foreclosure date.

Expenditures incurred after the investment properties have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged against current operations in the period in which the costs are incurred.

Amortization of buildings and improvements is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 15 years from the time of acquisition of the investment property.

Investment properties are derecognized when they have either been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the derecognition of an investment property are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in the year of derecognition.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use evidenced by ending of owner occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use evidenced by commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale.

Motorcycle Inventories

The Company forecloses the chattel mortgages attached to the loans pertaining to the MC Financing upon defaults. The Company recognizes motorcycle inventories at their net realizable value on its assessment of the recoverability of the inventories. In determining the recoverability of the inventories, management considers whether those inventories are damaged or if the selling prices have declined. Likewise, management also considers whether estimated costs of completion or the estimated costs to be incurred to make the sale have increased.

Software Costs

Software costs, included under "Other Assets" account in the balance sheet, include costs incurred relative to the development of the Company's software. Software costs are amortized over three to five years on a straight-line basis from the date of its available for use.

Impairment of Property and Equipment, Investment Properties and Other Assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that its nonfinancial assets may be impaired. When an indicator of impairment exists or when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or cash-generating unit's) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is assessed as part of the cash-generating unit to which it



belongs. Where the carrying amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset (or cash-generating unit) is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or cash-generating unit).

An impairment loss is charged against operations in the year in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is charged against the revaluation increment of the said asset.

For nonfinancial assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal, the depreciation expense is adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining life.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Company has concluded that it is acting as principal on all of its revenue arrangements. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Interest income

Unearned interest income is recognized as income over the terms of the receivable using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Interest income on nondiscounted receivables is accrued as earned likewise using EIR, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

Service charges

Service charges are recognized only upon collection or accrued when there is reasonable certainty as to its collectability.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

Foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities are translated to Philippine peso at the prevailing Philippine Dealing and Exchange Corp (PDex), formerly Philippine Dealing System, at the balance sheet date while foreign currency-denominated income and expenses are translated into their Philippine pesos equivalent based on the weighted average rate at transaction dates. Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign currency-denominated transactions and restatements of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities are credited to or charged against current operations.



Income Taxes

Income tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is determined in accordance with Philippine tax law. Income tax is recognized in the statement of income, except to the extent that it relates to other comprehensive income items recognized directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences with certain exceptions. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting income nor taxable income or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed as at balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are applicable to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Current tax and deferred tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income and not in the statement of income.

Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment is made after inception of the lease only if one of the following applies:

- a. there is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- b. a renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless that term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- c. there is a change in the determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specified asset; or,
- d. there is a substantial change to the asset.



Where a reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c), or (d) above; and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

Company as lessee

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of assets embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of assets embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the year in which these costs are incurrent. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with borrowing of funds.

Retirement Cost

The Company has a funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan, administered by trustees, covering their permanent employees.

The retirement cost of the Company is determined using the projected unit credit method. Under this method, the current service cost is the present value of retirement benefits payable in the future with respect to services rendered in the current period. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit retirement plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation on the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized actuarial gains or losses and past service costs.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates on government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement liability. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited to or charged against income when the net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous period exceed 10.00% of the higher of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets at that date. The excess actuarial gains or losses are recognized over the average remaining working life of the employees participating in the plan.

Past-service costs are recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive income, unless the changes to the retirement plan are conditional on the employees remaining in service for a

specified period of time (the vesting period). In this case, the past service costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year after giving retroactive effect to stock dividends declared and stock rights exercised during the year, if any. The Company does not have dilutive potential common shares.

Events after Balance Sheet Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the balance sheet date (adjusting events) are reflected in the Company's financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events, if any, are disclosed in the financial statements when material.

Segment Reporting

The Company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. Financial information on business segments is presented in Note 6.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company will adopt the following standards and interpretations when these become effective. Except as otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect the adoption of these new and amended PFRS and Philippine Interpretations to have significant impact on its financial statements.

New Standards and Interpretations

PFRS 3, Business Combinations (Revised) and PAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (Amended)

The revised standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009. PFRS 3 (Revised) introduces significant changes in the accounting for business combinations occurring after this date. Changes affect the valuation of non-controlling interest, the accounting for transaction costs, the initial recognition and subsequent measurement of a contingent consideration and business combinations achieved in stages. These changes will impact the amount of goodwill recognized, the reported results in the period that an acquisition occurs and future reported results. PAS 27 (Amended) requires that a change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary (without loss of control) is accounted for as a transaction with owners in their capacity as owners. Therefore, such transactions will no longer give rise to goodwill, nor will it give rise to a gain or loss. Furthermore, the amended standard changes the accounting for losses incurred by the subsidiary as well as the loss of control of a subsidiary. The changes by PFRS 3 (Revised) and PAS 27 (Amended) will affect future acquisitions or loss of control of subsidiaries and transactions with non-controlling interests. PFRS 3 (Revised) will be applied prospectively while PAS 27 (Amended) will be applied retrospectively with few exceptions.

Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 15, Agreement for Construction of Real Estate This Interpretation, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012, covers accounting for revenue and associated expenses by entities that undertake the construction of real estate directly or through subcontractors. The Interpretation requires that revenue on construction of real estate be recognized only upon completion, except when such contract qualifies as construction contract to be accounted for under PAS 11, Construction Contracts, or involves rendering of services in which case revenue is recognized based on stage of completion. Contracts involving provision of services with the construction materials and where the risks and reward of ownership are transferred to the buyer on a continuous basis will also be accounted for based on stage of completion.

Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 17, Distributions of Non-Cash Assets to Owners

This Interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009 with early application permitted. It provides guidance on how to account for non-cash distributions to owners. The Interpretation clarifies when to recognize a liability, how to measure it and the associated assets, and when to derecognize the asset and liability.

Amendments to Standards

PAS 39 Amendment, Eligible Hedged Items

The amendment to PAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2009, clarifies that an entity is permitted to designate a portion of the fair value changes or cash flow variability of a financial instrument as a hedged item. This also covers the designation of inflation as a hedged risk or portion in particular situations.

PFRS 2 Amendments, Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions

The amendments to PFRS 2, *Share-based Payments*, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2010, clarify the scope and the accounting for group cash-settled share-based payment transactions.

Improvements to PFRS 2009

The omnibus amendments to PFRS issued in 2009 were issued primarily with a view to remove inconsistencies and clarify wordings. The amendments are effective for annual periods financial years January 1, 2010 except as otherwise stated. The Company has not yet adopted the following amendments and anticipates that these changes will have no material effect on the financial statements.

- PFRS 2, *Share-based Payment*, clarifies that the contribution of a business on formation of a joint venture and combinations under common control are not within the scope of PFRS 2 even though they are out of scope of PFRS 3 (Revised). The amendment is effective for financial years on or after July 1, 2009.
- PFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, clarifies that the disclosures required in respect of non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale or discontinued operations are only those set out in PFRS 5. The disclosure requirements of other PFRS only apply if specifically required for such non-current assets or discontinued operations.



- PFRS 8, *Operating Segments*, clarifies that segment assets and liabilities need only be reported when those assets and liabilities are included in measures that are used by the chief operating decision maker.
- PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, clarifies that the terms of a liability that could result, at any time, in its settlement by the issuance of equity instruments at the option of the counterparty do not affect its classification.
- PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, explicitly states that only expenditure that results in a recognized asset can be classified as a cash flow from investing activities.
- PAS 17, *Leases*, removes the specific guidance on classifying land as a lease. Prior to the amendment, leases of land were classified as operating leases. The amendment now requires that leases of land are classified as either 'finance' or 'operating' in accordance with the general principles of PAS 17. The amendments will be applied retrospectively.
- PAS 36, *Impairment of Assets*, clarifies that the largest unit permitted for allocating goodwill, acquired in a business combination, is the operating segment as defined in PFRS 8 before aggregation for reporting purposes.
- PAS 38, *Intangible Assets*, clarifies that if an intangible asset acquired in a business combination is identifiable only with another intangible asset, the acquirer may recognize the group of intangible assets as a single asset provided the individual assets have similar useful lives. Also clarifies that the valuation techniques presented for determining the fair value of intangible assets acquired in a business combination that are not traded in active markets are only examples and are not restrictive on the methods that can be used.
- PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, clarifies the following:
 - that a prepayment option is considered closely related to the host contract when the exercise price of a prepayment option reimburses the lender up to the approximate present value of lost interest for the remaining term of the host contract.
 - that the scope exemption for contracts between an acquirer and a vendor in a business combination to buy or sell an acquiree at a future date applies only to binding forward contracts, and not derivative contracts where further actions by either party are still to be taken.
 - that gains or losses on cash flow hedges of a forecast transaction that subsequently results in the recognition of a financial instrument or on cash flow hedges of recognized financial instruments should be reclassified in the period that the hedged forecast cash flows affect profit or loss.
- Amendment to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 9, *Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives*, clarifies that it does not apply to possible reassessment at the date of acquisition, to embedded derivatives in contracts acquired in a business combination between entities or businesses under common control or the formation of joint venture.
- Amendment to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 16, *Hedge of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation*, states that, in a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, qualifying hedging instruments may be held by any entity or entities within the group, including the foreign operation itself, as long as the designation, documentation and effectiveness requirements of PAS 39 that relate to a net investment hedge are satisfied.



3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and contingent liabilities. Future events may occur which will cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effects of any change in estimates are reflected in the financial statements as they become reasonably determinable.

Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The following are the critical judgments and key assumptions that have a significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Judgments

(a) Fair values of financial instruments

Where the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using internal valuation techniques using generally accepted market valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimates are used in establishing fair values. These estimates may include considerations of liquidity, volatility, and correlation (see Note 4).

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Company has entered into a contract of lease for the office space it occupies. The Company has determined that all significant risks and rewards of ownership on these properties are retained by the lessor (see Note 25).

Estimates

(a) Impairment of unquoted AFS equity investment

The Company treats AFS financial assets as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Company treats 'significant' generally as 20.00% or more and 'prolonged' as longer than 6 months for quoted equity securities. In addition, the Company evaluates other factors, including normal volatility in share price for quoted equities and the future cash flows and the discount factors for unquoted equities. The carrying values of the unquoted AFS equity investment of the Company amounted to \$\P75.15\$ million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 (see Note 9).

(b) Impairment losses of loans and other receivables

The Company maintains allowance for impairment losses based on the result of the individual and collective assessment under PAS 39. Under the individual assessment, the Company is required to obtain the present value of estimated cash flows using the receivable's original effective interest rate. Impairment loss is determined as the difference between the receivables carrying balance and the computed present value. Factors considered in an individual assessment are payment history, past due status and term. The collective assessment would require the Company to classify its receivables based on the credit risk characteristics (customer type, payment history, past-due status and term) of the customers.



Impairment loss is then determined based on historical loss experience of the receivables grouped per credit risk profile. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently. The methodology and assumptions used for the individual and collective assessments are based on management's judgment and estimate. Therefore, the amount and timing of recorded expense for any period would differ depending on the judgments and estimates made for the year. The carrying value of loans and other receivables amounted to P339.95 million and P247.35 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively (see Note 8).

(c) Impairment of nonfinancial assets

Property and equipment and investment properties

The Company assesses impairment on its property and equipment and investment properties whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and,
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is computed using the value in use approach. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying values of property and equipment and investment properties amounted to P7.16 million and P7.81 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2009 and P11.41 million and P8.15 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2008 (see Notes 10 and 12).

(d) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of deferred taxes at each balance sheet date and reduce deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. However, there is no assurance that the Company will generate sufficient taxable income to allow all or part of deferred tax assets to be utilized. The Company looks at its projected performance in assessing the sufficiency of future taxable income. The Company recognized deferred tax assets amounting to $\mathbb{P}2.06$ million and $\mathbb{P}4.85$ million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively (see Note 19).

(e) Present value of retirement obligation

The determination of the obligation and cost of pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions include, among others, discount rates and salary increase rates. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the present value of the retirement obligation amounted to $\mathbb{P}1.85$ million and $\mathbb{P}1.10$ million, respectively (see Note 20).

(f) Estimating useful lives of property and equipment and investment properties The Company estimates the useful lives of its property and equipment and investment properties based on the period over which these assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear and technical or commercial obsolescence on the use of these assets. It is possible that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned above.

4. Fair Value Measurement

The following table presents a comparison of the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities on the balance sheets of the Company as of December 31:

	Car	rying Value	F	air Value
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Financial Assets				
Cash on hand and in banks	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638
Loans and other receivables				
Receivable from customers:				
Consumer	178,388,937	55,543,321	178,388,937	55,543,321
Services	117,181,616	99,663,980	117,181,616	99,663,980
Manufacturing	24,286,399	25,743,995	24,286,399	25,743,99\$
Construction	13,989,820	47,023,160	13,989,820	47,023,160
Small businesses/				
entrepreneurs		8,743,637	_	8,743,637
Other receivables	6,107,564	10,414,324	6,107,564	10,414,324
Notes receivable	-	222,353	_	222,353
AFS financial assets	75,150,000	75,150,000	75,150,000	75,150,000
Financial Liabilities				
Notes payable	200,897,948	145,325,925	200,897,948	145,325,925
Accrued expenses	6,621,739	5,689,119	6,621,739	5,689,119
Accounts and other payables				
Payable to suppliers	25,697,573	5,198,722	25,697,573	5,198,722

The Company does not have instruments carried at fair value through profit or loss in 2009 and 2008. The methods and assumptions used by the Company in estimating the fair value of financial instruments follow:

Cash on hand and in banks

Carrying amounts appropriate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial assets.

Loans and other receivables

Carrying amounts approximate fair values as there is no change in the market interest rates from grant date.



AFS investments

AFS quoted equity shares - Fair values are based on quoted prices published in markets.

AFS unquoted shares - Unquoted equity shares where the fair value is not reasonably determinable due the unpredictable nature of future cash flows and the lack of a suitable method of arriving at a reliable fair value, are carried at cost.

Liabilities

The carrying amounts of accrued expenses, accounts and other payables and notes payable approximate fair values due to their short-term maturities.

5. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Financial Risk

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

Credit risk and concentration of assets and liabilities

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company manages credit risk by setting limits for individual borrowers, and groups of borrowers and industry segments. The Company also monitors credit exposures, and continually assesses the creditworthiness of counterparties. In addition, the Company obtains security where appropriate, enters into collateral arrangements with counterparties, and limits the duration of exposures. Finally, credit applications go through a process of screening using the Company's credit standards to minimize risk.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet. The maximum exposure is shown before the effect of mitigation through the use of master netting arrangements or collateral agreements and except for cash in banks.

	2009	2008
Cash in banks (Note 7)	₽12,901,462	₽12,319,688
Loans and other receivables (see Note 8)		
Receivable from customers:		
Consumer	178,388,937	83,113,442
Services	117,181,616	148,249,756
Manufacturing	24,286,399	33,323,361
Construction	13,989,820	66,875,943
Small businesses/entrepreneurs	· · ·	8,743,637
Other receivables	6,107,564	10,414,324
Notes receivable	-	222,353
	475,280,904	350,942,816
Unearned interest income	(103,091,859)	(52,964,447)
Client's equity	(32,234,708)	(50,623,599)
********************************	339,954,337	247,354,770
AFS financial assets (see Note 9)	75,150,000	75,150,000
Total credit risk exposure	₽415,104,337	₽322,504,770



The Company also focuses on markets and borrowers that have a relatively better capability to repay their loans. One example for this is the medical professional market where most doctors are able to pay because of their higher disposable income. Despite the systems and checks in place for the Company, there is no guarantee that none of its existing and future clients will default on a loan. An increase in loan defaults will have a negative effect on the Company's profitability.

The Company's motorcycle financing business has the motor itself as collateral in case the borrower defaults on its loan.

The table below shows a comparison of the credit quality of the Company's loans and receivables (gross of unearned interest income, client's equity and allowance for impairment losses) that are neither past due nor impaired as of December 31:

	Neither past due nor impaired					
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Past due but not impaired	Impaired	Total
Loans and other receivables	Ingi Grade	Grade	Don Grade	not imputted		
Receivable from customers:						
Consumer	₽262,529,635	₽	₽_	₽2,560,732	₽_	₽265,090,367
Services	157,044,182	664,415	-	916,375	-	158,624,972
Manufacturing	5,070,258	493,493	-	-	20,848,307	26,412,058
Construction	19,985,458	-	-	-	-	19,985,458
Small businesses/						
entrepreneurs	-	_	_	-	-	-
Other receivables	6,107,564	-	-	-	-	6,107,564
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
	₽450,737,097	₽1,157,908	P	₽3,477,107	₽20,848,307	₽476,220,419

<u>2009</u>

<u>2008</u>

	Neither past due nor impaired					
	High Grade	Medium Grade	Low Grade	Past due but not impaired	Impaired	Total
Loans and other receivables Receivable from customers:						
Services	₽54,091,330	₽46,384,781	₽30,961,496	₽16,812,149	₽4,741,307	₽152,991,063
Consumer	82,421,976	691,466	_	_	419,888	83,533,330
Construction	_	-	66,875,943	_	-	66,875,943
Manufacturing	12,537,834	-	-	20,785,527	3,668,549	36,991,910
Small businesses/						
entrepreneurs	3,898,702	670,868	163,270	4,010,797	4,010,796	12,754,433
Other receivables	10,414,324	-	-	-	119,459	10,533,783
Notes receivable	222,353	-	-	-	-	222,353
	₽163,586,519	₽47,747,115	₽98,000,709	₽41,608,473	₽12,959,999	₽363,902,815

The credit quality of loans and receivables was determined as follows:

- High grade pertains to receivables with no default in payment and fully secured with collateral.
- Medium grade pertains to receivables with no default in payment and partially secured with collateral.
- Low grade pertains to receivables with no default in payment and without security.



	December 31, 2009					
Receivable from customers	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total
Consumer	₽1,278,601	₽401,734	₽164,774	₽362,019	P353,604	P2,560,732
Services	418,939	180,869	101,204	215,363	-	916,375
Manufacturing	_	_	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Small businesses/						
entrepreneurs	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-		-

₽265,978

₽577,382

₽353,604

P3,477,107

₽582,603

₽1,697,540

The analysis of loans and other receivables that were past due but not impaired follows:

			December 31	, 2009		
Receivable from customers	<30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	>120 days	Total
Services	₽5,809,881	₽	₽5,858,575	₽	₽5,143,693	₽16,812,149
Consumer	-	-	-	-	-	
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	181,560	332,200	306,000	1,303,738	18,662,029	20,785,527
Small businesses/						
Entrepreneurs	-	-	_	-	4,010,797	4,010,797
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
	₽5,991,441	₽332,200	₽6,164,575	₽1,303,738	₽27,816,519	₽41,608,473

Liquidity risk

The Company seeks to manage its liquidity profile to be able to service its maturing debts and to finance capital requirements. The Company maintains a level of cash on hand and in banks deemed sufficient to finance its operations. As part of its liquidity risk management, the Company regularly evaluates its projected and actual cash flows. It also continuously assesses conditions in the financial markets for opportunities to pursue fund-raising activities. Fund-raising activities may include bank loans and advances from related parties.

The table summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2009 and financial liabilities as of December 31, 2008 based on undiscounted contractual payments.

			2009		
	< 1 year	1 to < 2 years	2 to < 3 years	3 to < 5 years	Total
Financial assets					
Cash on hand and in banks	₽15,696,778	₽	₽_	₽_	₽15,696,778
Loans and other receivables					
Receivable from customers:					
Consumer	87,064,212	87,476,146	90,550,009	-	265,090,367
Services	607,226	83,421,865	53,547,109	21,048,772	158,624,972
Manufacturing	4,041,704	5,070,258	17,300,096	-	26,412,058
Construction	3,397,206	8,186,444	8,401,808	-	19,985,458
Small businesses/					
entrepreneurs	-	-	-		-
Other receivables	184,373	5,923,191	-	-	6,107,564
Notes receivable	-	_	_	-	-
	₽110,991,499	₽190,077,904	₽169,799,022	₽21,048,772	₽491,917,197
Financial liabilities					
Notes payable	₽204,651,617	₽	₽	₽	₽204,651,617
Accrued expenses	6,621,739	-	-	-	6,621,739
Accounts and other payables					
Payable to suppliers	25,697,573	_	-	-	25,697,573
······································	₽236,970,929	₽	P	₽	₽236,970,929



	2008				
	< 1 year	1 to < 2 years	2 to $<$ 3 years	3 to < 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities					
Notes payable	₽147,476,902	₽-	₽	₽	₽147,476,902
Accrued expenses	5,689,119	-	-	-	5,689,119
Accounts and other payables					
Payable to suppliers	5,198,722		-	-	5,198,722
	₽158,364,743	₽-	₽-	-4	₽158,364,743

Interest rate risk

The profitability of the Company may be influenced by changes in the level of interest rates. In the event that interest rates go up significantly, less people will be inclined to avail of a loan. The Company funds its loan operations through a combination of the operational cash flow and borrowings from related parties. Any increase in interest rates will cause the Company to incur more expenses for every peso they earn in interest income.

The Company follows a prudent policy on managing its assets and liabilities so as to ensure that exposure to fluctuations in interest rates are kept within acceptable limits. The interest rates reflect the prevailing market interest rates. The rates are benchmarked against the applicable treasury bills and MART rate for most of the peso-denominated investments.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Company's profit before tax and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, with all variables held constant.

Notes payable

	Effect on prof	it before tax	
	Change in basis points		
	+100 basis points	-100 basis points	
December 31, 2009	(₽2,008,979)	₽2,008,979	
December 31, 2008	(1,453,259)	1,453,259	

There is no other impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting the net income. The interest rates on notes payable are subject to repricing ranging from 30 to 91 days based on market rates considered by the issuer.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company has no foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2009 and 2008. Accordingly, the Company does not have exposure to foreign exchange risk.

6. Segment Information

The Company has three (3) main products: Rx Cashline - loans tailored to medical professionals, MFC Factors - a receivable factoring service for small and medium enterprise, and MC Financing - loans to motorcycle buyers.

The management of the Company conducts weekly Management Committee meetings to monitor the performance and conversion of each of the product lines handled. Strategies and recommendations are formulated while operating parameters and guidelines are developed and implemented in these weekly meetings. Product line performance is evaluated based on how it performs versus targets and versus last year's actual figures. Another major consideration is on the analysis of risk and collectability exposure contributed by each product line.



As a result of these constant evaluations, the management of the Company decided to lessen and lower its thrust in the MFC Factors line. This product line is considered high risk - high exposure in amount - kind of product. With only one bad account immediately exposes the Company into millions put at risk.

In 2009, the management of the Company went into conscious effort in expanding its motorcycle business line. The motorcycle industry is expected to grow in the double digit range and the Company intends to take advantage on this projected growth. The increase in the purchasing power of the average Filipino and the rising gas prices have made motorcycles the more practical alternative to taking long daily commutes. Furthermore, this product line has the lowest credit risk with a chattel attached. Although the revenue figures doubled with expansion, operating costs more than doubled primarily due to set-up activities - training of additional manpower, stocking up of supplies and forms, intensive marketing and promotions and other pre-operating costs.

2009 Total **MC** Financing Others **Rx** Cash Line **MC** Factors ₽261,192,637 ₽47,316,856 ₽469,505,629 ₽53,547,109 ₽107,449,027 <u>Loans</u> **Results** of operation Revenues 16,185,768 32,401,037 2,187,110 69,866,624 Interest income 19,092,709 6,352,902 901,281 539,700 1,717,278 Other income 3,194,643 76,219,526 22,287,352 17,087,049 32,940,737 3,904,388 Expenses 11,685,638 1,935,176 3,046,105 6,704,357 Interest expense ----5,496,471 3,150,436 Provision for losses 2,346,035 42,886,266 Operating expenses 5,389,635 1,924,527 19,514,573 16,056,931 60,068,375 16,056,931 9,670,846 8,121,068 26,218,930 (12, 152, 543)16,150,951 Net operating income (loss) 12,616,506 8,965,981 6,721,807 Less: 5,402,433 5,402,433 Provision for income tax ₽10,748,518 ₽8,965,981 ₽6,721,807 (₽17,554,976) ₽12,616,506 Net income (loss) **Balance Sheet** ₽454,633,061 ₽53,520,742 ₽74,301,171 **₽174,491,207** ₽152,319,941 Total assets ₽241,909,232 ₽_ ₽_ ₽241,909,232 ₽_ Total liabilities Other segment information ₽306,374 ₽_ ₽306,374 Capital expenditures ₽.... ₽-Depreciation and ₽927,853 ₽2,799,607 ₽4,361,078 ₽453,996 ₽179,222 amortization

Below is the performance of each of the product line based on allocable revenues and expenses.

			2008		
	Rx Cash Line	MC Factors	MC Financing	Others	Total
Loans	₽64,864,730	₽168,745,329	₽83,256,116	₽19,535,258	₽336,401,433
Revenues					
Interest income	17,632.093	13,600,368	15,273,890	858,968	47.365.319
Other income	1,168,023	1,891,388	365,874	7,308,562	10,733,847
	18,800,116	15,491,756	15,639,764	8,167,530	58,099,166
Expenses					
Interest expense	2,794,991	4,621,960	3.903.897	-	11,320.848
Provision for losses	464,243	_	-	-	464.243
Operating expenses	4,057,638	1,605,387	8,292,784	25,021,786	38,977,595
	7,316,873	6,227,347	12,196,681	25,021,786	50,762,686
Net operating income (loss)	₽11,483,243	₽9,264,409	₽3,443,083	(₱16,854,256)	₽7,336,480
Less: Provision for income tax	-	-	-	1,871,386	1,871,386
Net income (loss)	₽11,483,243	₽9,264,409	₽3,443,083	(₱18,726,642)	₽5,465,094
Balance Sheets: Total assets	₽44,406,401	₽120,484,945	₽51,356,007	₽147.483,032	₽363,730,385
Total liabilities	₽	₽	₽_	₽160,935,262	₽160,935,262
Other segment information: Capital expenditures	₽	P_	₽	₽11,970,437	₽11,970,437
Depreciation and amortization	₽251,785	₽99.617	₽514,584	₽1,552,652	₽2,418,638

The Company has no significant customers which contribute 10% or more of the revenues.

7. Cash on Hand and in Banks

This account consists of:

	2009	2008
Cash in banks	₽12,901,462	₽12,319,688
Cash on hand	2,795,316	756,950
	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638

Cash in banks earns interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates with ranges from 0.30% to 0.63% in 2009 and from 0.40% to 0.70% in 2008. Short-term placements are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the prevailing short-term placement rate.

Interest income on cash in banks amounted to P0.07 million and P0.09 million in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

8. Loans and Receivables

This account consists of:

	2009	2008
Receivable from customers:		
Consumer	₽265,090,367	₽83,533,330
Services	158,624,972	152,991,063
Manufacturing	26,412,058	36,991,910
Construction	19,985,458	66,875,943
Small businesses/entrepreneurs	_	12,754,433
Other receivables (Note 21)	6,107,564	10,533,783
Notes receivable	-	222,353
	476,220,419	363,902,815
Unearned interest income	(103,091,859)	(52,964,447)
Client's equity	(32,234,708)	(50,623,599)
Allowance for impairment losses (see Note 14)	(939,515)	(12,959,999)
	₽339,954,337	₽247,354,770

The classes of receivable from customers are subdivided according to loan grants to different industries.

As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, nonperforming receivables under loans receivable amounted to P20.85 million and P12.96 million, respectively. Restructured loans amounted to P10.14 million and P27.50 million in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Interest rates on loans receivable ranges from 1.25% to 3.50% plus gross receipts tax per month while interest on notes receivable amounted to 5.00% per annum of the principal balance in 2008.

Other receivables consist of lease contract receivables, sales contract receivables and accrued interest receivable.

Interest income earned from loans receivables amounted to \$\$67.68 million, \$\$46.51 million and \$\$51.90 million in 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

9. Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

This account pertains to golf club shares which are carried at fair value, net of unrealized loss and allowance for impairment losses and investment in AIB which is carried at cost. Details of these investments follow:

	2009	2008
Cost	₽78,477,008	₽78,477,008
Net unrealized loss	(100,000)	(100,000)
Allowance for impairment losses (see Note 14)	(3,227,008)	(3,227,008)
At December 31	₽75,150,000	₽75,150,000

On September 12, 2007, the Company purchased 9,000,000 shares of stocks of AIB for a total consideration of P75.00 million. This investment is accounted for at cost due to a lack of reliable method to establish fair value. On January 11, 2008, AIB declared dividends amounting to P5.36 million which were received by the Company during the year.



Movements in net unrealized losses on AFS financial assets follow:

	2008
₽100,000	₽90,000
	10,000
₽100,000	₽100,000
	-

10. Investment Properties

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

		2009	
	Land	Improvements	Total
Cost			
At January 1 and December 31	₽4,434,352	₽7,291,041	₽11,725,393
Accumulated Depreciation			
and Amortization			
At January 1		2,555,732	2,555,732
Depreciation and amortization		337,616	337,616
At December 31	-	2,893,348	2,893,348
Allowance for Impairment Losses (see Note 14)	1,019,533	_	1,019,533
Net Book Value	₽3,414,819	₽4,397,693	₽7,812,512
		2008	
—	Land	Improvements	Total
Cost:			
At January 1	₽7,728,043	₽8,883,678	₽16,611,721
Disposals	(3,293,691)	(1,592,637)	(4,886,328)
At December 31	4,434,352	7,291,041	11,725,393
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:			
At January 1	_	3,484,828	3,484,828
Depreciation and amortization	-	290.839	290,839
Disposals/others	_	(1,219,935)	(1,219,935)
At December 31		2,555,732	2,555,732
Allowance for Impairment Losses (see Note 14)	1.019,533		1,019,533
Net Book Value	₽3,414,819	₽4,735,309	₽8,150,128

The aggregate fair value of the investment properties of the Company amounted to P9.82 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008. The Company sold certain investment properties at a gain of nil and P2.30 million in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The fair value of the Company's investment properties was estimated on the basis of recent sales of similar properties in the same areas taking into account the economic conditions prevailing at the time the valuations were made.



11. Investment in Subsidiaries

This account consists of:

	Percentage of ownership	8	
Acquisition cost:			
Commercial and Consumer Credit			
Corporation (3C)	100%	₽1,000,000	₽1,000,000
Global Credit and Management Group/3C			
(GCMGI/3C)	51%	1,000,000	1,000,000
3C Pawnshop	100%	100,000	100,000
		2,100,000	2,100,000
Allowance for impairment losses (see Note 14)		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
= =		₽100,000	₽100,000

3C and GCMGI/3C have ceased operations in 1999 and 1996, respectively.

As of December 31, 2009, 3C Pawnshop has not yet started commercial operations.

12. Property and Equipment

The rollforward analysis of this account follows:

	2009				
	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Leasehold Rights and Improvements	Transportation Equipment	Total	
Cost					
At January 1	₽4,567,711	₽873,326	₽8,286,540	₽13,727,577	
Additions	306,374	-	1,296,631	1,603,005	
Reclassification (see Note 13)	(2,289,470)	-	-	(2,289,470)	
At December 31	2,584,615	873,326	9,583,171	13,041,112	
Accumulated Depreciation					
and Amortization					
At January 1	217,405	22,446	2,079,919	2,319,770	
Depreciation and amortization	789,413	89,782	2,679,777	3,558,972	
At December 31	1,006,818	112,228	4,759,696	5,878,742	
Net Book Value	P1,577,797	₽761,098	₽4,823,475	₽7,162,370	

		2008		
	Furniture, Fixtures and	Leasehold Rights and	Transportation	
	Equipment	Improvements	Equipment	Total
Cost:				
At January 1	₽1,736,717	₽ 131,978	₽8,130,557	₽9,999,252
Additions	4,321,531	873,326	6,775,580	11,970,437
Disposals	(1,490,537)	(131,978)	(6,619,597)	(8,242,112)
At December 31	4,567,711	873,326	8,286,540	13,727,577
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:				
At January 1	1,593,057	131,978	4,733,726	6,458,761
Depreciation and amortization	114,885	22,446	1,739,693	1,877,024
Disposals	(1,490,537)	(131,978)	(4,393,500)	(6,016,015)
At December 31	217,405	22,446	2,079,919	2,319,770
Net Book Value	₽4,350,306	₽850,880	₽6.206,621	₽11,407,807

Motorcycle inventory is transferred to transportation equipment when they are used in business by the employees. The transportation equipment is valued at the inventory's carrying amount. In 2009, the Company transferred $\mathbb{P}1.30$ million worth of motorcycle inventories.

13. Other Assets

This account consists of:

	2009	2008
Motorcycle inventory	₽2,737,304	₽1,291,000
Prepaid expenses	1,891,024	1,993,453
Software costs	1,824,980	-
Miscellaneous	243,931	352,994
	₽6,697,239	₽3,637,447

Motorcycle inventory pertains to repossessed units from the Company's motorcycle financing business carried at its net realizable value.

The movements in software costs follow:

	2009	2008
Cost		
At January 1	₽400,775	₽400,775
Reclassification (See Note 12)	2,289,470	_
At December 31	2,690,245	400,775
Accumulated Amortization		
At January 1	400,775	150,000
Amortization for the year	464,490	250,775
Accumulated amortization	865,265	400,775
At December 31	₽1,824,980	₽



14. Allowance for Impairment Losses

Movements in allowance for impairment losses follow:

				December 31, 200)9		
		Receivable from	customers				
	Manufacturing	Services	SME	Consumer	Other receivables	Others	Total
At January 1	₽3,668,549	P4,741,308	₽ 4,010,796	P -	₽119,459	P 419,887	₽12,959,999
Provisions during the year	5,496,471	-	-	-	-	-	5,496,471
Accounts written-off	(8,251,872)	(4,714,941)	(4,010,796)		(119,459)	(419,887)	(17,516,955)
At December 31	₽913,148	₽26,367	P -	P -	₽-		₽939,515
Individually impaired	₽913,148	₽-		P -	P -	P -	₽913,148
Collectively impaired		26,367	-				26,367
Total	₽913,148	₽26,367	₽_	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽9 3 9,515
Gross amount of loans and receivables individually determined to be impaired, before deducting any individually assessed							
impairment allowance	₽20,848,307	₽	P-		<u>P-</u>	P-	P20,848,307
				December 31, 2008			
<u> </u>		Loans rec			Other standards	04	T-+-1
	Manufacturing	Services	SME	Consumer	Other receivables	Others	Total
At January I	₽3,668,549	₽4,277,065	₽4,010,796	₽	₽119,459	₽419,887	₽12,495,756
Provisions during the year		464,243		-		-	464,243
At December 31	₽3,668,549	<u>₽4,741,308</u>	₽4,010,796	₽	₽119,459	₽419,887	₽12,959,999
Individually impaired	₽-	₽-	₽-	P -	₽119,459	₽419,887	₽539,346
Collectively impaired	3,668,549	4,741,308	4,010,796				12,420,653
Total	₽3,668,549	₽4,741,308	₽4,010,796	P -	₽119,459	<u>₽419,887</u>	₽12,959,999
Gross amount of loans and receivables individually determined to be impaired, before deducting any individually							
assessed impairment allowance	₽-	₽_	₽-	₽-	₽ 119,459	₽419,887	₽539,346



Impairment Assessment

The main considerations for impairment assessment include whether any payments are overdue or if there are any known difficulties in the cash flows of the counterparties.

The Company assesses impairment of its loans and receivables into two areas: individually assessed allowances and collectively assessed allowances.

The Company determines allowance for each significant receivable on an individual basis. Among the items that the Company considers in assessing impairment is the inability to collect from the counterparty based on the contractual terms of the receivables. Receivables included in the specific assessment are the accounts that have been endorsed to the legal department, nonmoving accounts receivable, and accounts of defaulted agents.

For the collective assessment, allowances are assessed for receivables that are not individually significant and for individually significant receivables where there is no objective evidence yet of individual impairment. Impairment losses are estimated by taking into consideration the age of the receivables, past collection experience and other factors that may affect collectibility.

The total impairment losses on the receivables recognized in statement of comprehensive income amounted to \$5.50 million and \$0.46 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

	2009	2008
At January 1		
AFS investments	₽3,227,008	₽3,227,008
Investment in subsidiaries	2,000,000	2,000,000
Investment properties	1,019,533	2,433,992
	6,246,541	7,661,000
Recoveries	_	(1,414,459)
At December 31		
AFS investments (see Note 8)	3,227,008	3,227,008
Investment in subsidiaries		
(see Note 10)	2,000,000	2,000,000
Investment properties (see Note 11)	1,019,533	1,019,533
	₽6,246,541	₽6,246,541

Movements in allowance for impairment losses follow:

15. Notes Payable

This represents unsecured short-term unsecured loans from the Company's stockholders (see Note 21) with interest rates ranging from 8.00% to 11.83% per annum in 2009 and 2008.

Notes payable maturing within one year from the respective balance sheet dates amounted to P200.90 million and P145.33 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. However, the Company has an intention to renew the balance. Interest expense on these notes payable amounted to P11.69 million, P11.32 million, P11.50 million in 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.



16. Accounts and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	2009	2008
Payable to suppliers (Note 21)	₽25,697,573	₽5,198,722
Taxes payable	950,174	979,990
SSS, Medicare and HDMF payable	_	43,053
Other payables	4,189,850	2,771,669
	₽30,837,597	₽8,993,434

Accounts and other payables are normally settled in 30 days term.

17. Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities

The following table shows an analysis of assets and liabilities of the Company analyzed according to whether they are expected to be recovered or settled within one year and beyond one year from the balance sheet date.

		2009			2008	
	Less than	Over twelve		Less than	Over twelve	
	twelve months	months	Total	twelve months	months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash on hand and in banks	₽15,696,778	₽_	₽15,696,778	₽13,076,638	₽-	₽13,076,638
Loans and other receivables - gross	476,220,419	-	476,220,419	363,902,815	-	363,902,815
AFS financial assets	-	75,150,000	75,150,000	-	75,150,000	75,150,000
	491,917,197	75,150,000	567,067,197	376,757,100	75,150,000	452,129,453
Nonfinancial Assets						
Property and equipment	-	7,162,370	7,162,370	-	11,407,807	11,407,807
Investment properties	-	7,812,512	7,812,512	-	8,150,128	8,150,128
Investment in a subsidiary	_	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100,000
Deferred tax assets	_	2,059,825	2,059,825	-	4,853,595	4,853,595
Other assets	4,872,259	1,824,980	6,697,239	3,637,447	-	3,637,447
	4,872,259	18,959,687	23,831,946	3,637,447	24,511,530	28,148,977
Less: Allowance for credit losses	939,515	_	939,515	12,959,999	-	12,959,999
Unearned interest income	103,091,859	-	103,091,859	52,964,447	-	52,964,447
Client's equity	32,234,708	-	32,234,708	50,623,599		50,623,599
	136,266,082	_	136,266,082	116,548,045	-	116,548,045
······································	₽360,523,374	₽94,109,687	₽454,633,061	₽263,846,502	₽99,763,959	₽363,730,385
Financial Liabilities						
Notes payable	₽200,897,948	₽_	₽200,897,948	₽145,325,925	₽-	₽145,325,925
Accounts and other payable	25,697,573	-	25,697,573	5,689,119	_	5,689,119
Accrued expenses	6,621,739	-	6,621,739	5,198,722	-	5,198,722
	233,217,260	_	233,217,260	156,213,766	_	156,213,766
Nonfinancial Liabilities						
Accounts and other payable	5,140,024	-	5,140,024	3,794,712	-	3,794,712
Income tax payable	949,867	-	949,867	_	-	-
Pension liability	-	2,602,081	2,602,081	-	926,784	926,784
	6,089,891	2,602,081	8,691,972	3,794,712	926,784	4,721,496
	P239,307,151	P2,602,081	₽241,909,232	₽237,011,972	₽926,784	₽160,935,262

18. Equity

On June 4, 2009, the BOD approved the declaration of 0.43% stock dividends in the amount of P819,764 to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009 with distribution date not later than July 28, 2009. On the same date, the BOD also approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to P819,716. Fractional shares related to this declaration were settled in cash amounting to P48.00.

On June 19, 2008, the BOD approved the declaration of 2.51% stock dividends in the aggregate amount of $\mathbb{P}2,257,147$ in favor of the stockholders of record as of July 17, 2008, with a payment date not later than August 12, 2008. On the same date, the BOD also approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to $\mathbb{P}2,257,147$. Fractional shares related to this declaration were settled in cash amounting to $\mathbb{P}35.00$.

In 2007, the Company received an additional capital infusion from its stockholders for their subscription of 48,543,689 shares to be issued out of the proposed increase in authorized capital stock from 90 million common shares to 300 million common shares with a par value of P1 per share. This was recorded as deposits for future stock subscription in the amount of P50.00 million. In addition, the BOD approved the declaration of stock dividends in the maximum of 50,241,970 shares for shareholders as of November 27, 2007 and distributed in 2008 upon approval of the SEC of the increase in authorized capital stock. Fractional shares related to this declaration were settled in cash amounting to P41.00. The SEC approved the increase in authorized capital stock on March 6, 2008.

On June 14, 2007, the BOD approved the declaration of cash dividends amounting to P2,430,832and 3.01% stock dividends amounting to P2,430,712 in favor of the stockholders of record as of July 12, 2007. In addition, on November 6, 2007, the BOD approved the declaration of 8.28% stock dividends amounting to P6,882,103 in favor of the stockholders of record as of November 26, 2007. Fractional shares related to this declaration were settled in cash amounting to P43.00.

The movements in the number of shares and capital stock amount for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 follows:

	December 31, 2009		December 31, 2008		December 31, 2007	
<u></u>	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number Of Shares	Amount
At January I Stock dividends Issuance of shares of	191,042,689 819,716	₽191,042,689 819,716	89,999,959 52,499,041	₱89,999,959 52,499,041	80,687,187 9,312,772	₽80,687,187 9,312,772
stock			48,543,689	48,543,689		-
At December 31, respectively	191,862,405	₽191,862,405	191,042,689	₽191,042,689	89,999,959	₽89,999,959

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management policies and procedures are to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the year ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The Company considers the total equity as presented in the balance sheet as capital.



19. Income and Other Taxes

Provision for income tax consists of:

	2009	2008	2007
Current:			
RCIT	₽2,602,081	₽1,668,247	₽8,774,867
Final	6,582	17,699	122,826
	2,608,663	1,685,946	8,897,693
Deferred	2,793,770	185,440	30,414
	₽5,402,433	₽1,871,386	₽8,928,107

The components of the net deferred tax assets follow:

	2009	2008
Deferred tax assets on:		
Accrued expenses	₽1,414,156	₽433,512
Allowance for impairment losses	587,714	4,351,442
Past service cost	57,955	68,641
	₽2,059,825	₽4,853,595

The reconciliation of the statutory income tax to the effective income tax follows:

	2009	2008	2007
Statutory income tax	₽4,845,285	₽2,567,768	₽8,348,526
Tax effects of:			
Change in unrecognized deferred tax			
assets	313,061	708,275	526,075
Nondeductible expense	246,310	1,805,648	-
Nondeductible interest expense	3,258	30,709	72,222
Income subjected to CGT	_	(624,530)	_
Change in tax rate	_	(708,275)	
Interest already subjected to final tax and			
dividend income	(5,481)	(1,908,209)	(49,130)
Others	-		30,414
Effective income tax	₽5,402,433	₽1,871,386	₽8,928,107

Republic Act (RA) No. 9337, An Act Amending National Internal Revenue Code, provides that effective July 1, 2005, the RCIT rate shall be 35.00% until December 31, 2008. Starting January 1, 2009, the RCIT rate shall be 30.00% and interest expense allowed as a deductible expense shall be reduced by 33.00% of interest income subjected to final tax.

Under current tax regulations, the maximum amount of entertainment, amusement and recreation (EAR) expenses allowable as deduction from gross income for purposes of income tax computation shall not exceed 1% of the gross revenue of a company engaged in the sale of services.



20. Retirement Plan

The Company has a funded, tax-qualified defined benefit pension plan covering all its officers and regular employees. The benefits are based on years of service and compensation on the last year of service.

The principal actuarial assumptions used in determining retirement liability for the Company's retirement plan as of January 1 are shown below:

	2009	2008
Discount rate	9.82%	8.57%
Expected rate of return on assets	7.00	7.00
Future salary increases	10.00	10.00

The funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheets for the net pension liability as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 follow:

	2009	2008
Present value of fund obligation	₽1,853,196	₽1,096,849
Fair value of plan assets	(1,562,501)	(990,791)
	290,695	106,058
Unrecognized actuarial gains	659,172	820,726
Net pension liability	₽949,867	₽926,784

Movement in the pension liability during the year follows:

	2009	2008
At January 1	₽926,784	₽571,710
Retirement expense	594,793	355,074
Contributions	(571,710)	
At December 31	₽ 949,867	₽926,784

Movements in the present value of plan obligation follow:

	2009	2008
At January 1	₽1,096,849	₽1,668,419
Current service cost	603,795	277,491
Interest cost	107,711	142,984
Actuarial loss (gain)	44,841	(992,045)
At December 31	₽1,853,196	₽1,096,849
Experience adjustments	₽260,661	₽853,586

Movements in the fair value of plan assets recognized follow:

	2009	2008
At January 1	₽990,791	₽934,295
Contributions paid by employer	571,710	-
Expected return on plan assets	89,365	65,401
Actuarial loss	(89,365)	(8,905)
At December 31	₽1,562,501	₽990,791
Experience adjustments	₽89,365	₽8,905



Actual return on plan assets amounted to nil and ₱0.06 million in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The retirement expense included in salaries and employee benefits in the statements of comprehensive income follows:

	2009	2008
Current service cost	₽603,795	₽277,491
Interest cost	107,711	142,984
Expected return on plan assets	(89,365)	(65,401)
Actuarial gains	(27,348)	-
	₽594,793	₽355,074

The categories of plan assets follow:

.

	2009	2008
Government securities	78.26%	92.46%
Time deposits	9.28	2.31
Accrued interest receivables	0.60	1.25
Savings deposits	0.02	0.08
Others	11.84	3.90
	100.00%	100.00%

The overall expected rate of return on plan assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

Information on the Company's retirement plan is as follows:

	2009	2008	2007	2006
Present value of the defined benefit obligation	₽1,853,196	₽1,096.849	₽1,668,419	₽1,602,673
Faire value of plan assets	1,562,501	990,791	934,295	467,267
Deficit on plan assets	290,695	106,058	734,124	1,135,406
Experience adjustments arising on plan liabilities	260,661	853,586	275,772	-
Experience adjustments arising on plan assets	89,365	8905	21,681	-



21. Related Party Transactions

The following transactions have been entered into with related parties:

			Elements of Transactions						
	Nature of Related	Nature of	Balance Sh	eet Amount	Stateme	nt of Income An	nount		
Related Party	Party Relationship	Transaction	2009	2008	2009	2008	2007		
AIB	Stockholder	Receivables	₽101,007	₽101,007	₽	₽	P		
		Note payable	182,100,000	119,300,000	-	-	-		
		Other receivables	101,022	224,772	-	-	-		
		Interest expense	-		8,846,460	10,332,861	9,293,706		
		Interest income	-	-	-	-	200,191		
Merg Realty and Development									
Corporation	Stockholder	Rent expense	-	-	591, 3 60	591,360	484,006		
		Notes payable	500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-		
		Interest expense	-		99,222	51,945	42,481		
Honda Motor World	Affiliate	Professional fees	-	-	1,440,000	1,440,000	44,445		
		Payable to							
		suppliers	25,697,573	5,198,722	-	-	-		
Feliz Management, Inc.	Affiliate	Professional fees	-	-	-	945,012	600,000		
Pikeville Bancshares	Affiliate	Professional fees	-	-	868,000	930,000	692,000		
Merg Resources	Affiliate	Rent expense	-	-	-	200,000	200,000		
Others	Affiliates	Interest expense	-	-	-	88,760	294,375		
	Stockholders	Notes payable	16,740,914	-	-	-	-		
	Employees	Receivables	2,318,016	-		-	-		
	Employees	Notes payable	1,000,000	-	-	-	-		
	Directors	Professional fees	-	-	2,325,424	-	-		
	Directors	Notes payable	1,057,034	15,001,417	-		-		
	Directors	Management fees	-	_	500,000	720,000	1.100,000		

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management consist of short-term benefits amounting to P4.36 million, P4.43 million and P4.18 million in 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively, included in the Management and Professional Fees account in the statements of comprehensive income.

22. Earnings Per Share

EPS amounts were calculated as follows:

		2009	2008	2007
a.	Net income	₽10,748,518	₽5,465,094	₽15,047,649
b.	Weighted average number of			
	outstanding common shares	191,452,547	182,509,273	92,180,285
c.	Basic/diluted earnings per share (a/b)	₽ 0.06	₽ 0.03	₽0.16

As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, there were no shares of stock that have a dilutive effect on the EPS of the Company.

23. Miscellaneous Expenses

Miscellaneous expenses contain the following items:

	2009	2008	2007
Utilities	₽906,116	₽730,943	₽414,387
Stationeries and supplies	854,263	427,252	_
Communication	784,180	521,409	407,085
Repairs and maintenance	508,923	177,074	
Insurance	473,179	527,076	238,703
Advertising and promotions	170,459	151,071	
Training and development	85,707	28,071	_
Membership dues	77,795	94,166	-
Meetings and conferences	77,698	59,966	-
Medical insurance	11,185	126,010	
Miscellaneous	3,823,078	7,297,035	2,442,780
	₽7,772,583	₽10,140,073	₽3,502,955

Miscellaneous expenses include other assets written-off, donations and other expenses.

24. Contingent Liability

In 2003, the Company received a preliminary assessment notice from the BIR for various tax liabilities covering the taxable year 1999 amounting to P5.33 million. In 2004, the Company entered into a compromise settlement with the BIR for the settlement of this assessment at P0.72 million. Of this amount, P0.39 million were paid representing basic deficiency tax and compromise penalty. The balance represents interest. On December 19, 2006, the Company filed an abatement on its outstanding tax liability amounting to P0.33 million and has not received any reply as of December 31, 2009.

25. Lease Commitment

The Company leases its office space under a lease contract expiring on September 30, 2010. Total rent expense incurred in 2009, 2008 and 2007 amounted to P0.77 million, P1.16 million and P0.96 million, respectively. The lease contract is renewable annually upon agreement of the lessor and the Company.

26. Miscellaneous Income

Miscellaneous income mainly represents additional loan-related charge fees collected from borrowers.





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines Phone (632) 891 0307

Phone (632) 891 0307 Fax (632) 819 0872 www.sgv.com.ph

BOA/PRC Reg No. 0001 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Makati Finance Corporation 2nd Floor, Makati Finance Centre 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City

We have audited the financial statements of Makati Finance Corporation (the Company) as at and for the year ended December 31, 2009 on which we have rendered the attached report dated March 24, 2010.

In compliance with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, we are stating that the Company has eighty five (85) stockholders owning one hundred (100) or more shares each.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Janeth J. Munez

Ganeth T. Nuñez Partner CPA Certificate No. 111092 SEC Accreditation No. 0853-A Tax Identification No. 900-322-673 PTR No. 2087557, January 4, 2010, Makati City

March 24, 2010





SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines Phone: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872

www.sgv.com.ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Makati Finance Corporation 2nd Floor, Makati Finance Centre 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Makati Finance Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for each of the three years ended December 31, 2009, included in this Form 17-A and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2010. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68.1 and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11, Series of 2008 and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state in all material respect the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Janeth 7. Nunéz

Partner CPA Certificate No. 111092 SEC Accreditation No. 0853-A Tax Identification No. 900-322-673 PTR No. 2087557, January 4, 2010, Makati City

March 24, 2010



A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

FORM 17-A, Item 7

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Consolidated Financial Statements

Stat	ement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements	4	-
Rep	port of Independent Public Accountants		-
Bal	ance Sheets as of December 31, 2009 and 2008		-
Stat	ements of Comprehensive Income and Changes in Equity		
	for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007		-
Stat	ements of Cash Flows		
	for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007		-
Not	es to Financial Statements		-
~			
Sup	plementary Schedules		
Rep	oort of Independent Public Accountants on Supplementary Schedules		-
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E.	Intangible Assets - Other Assets		v
F.	Long-term Debt		vi
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	Companies)		vii
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I.	Capital Stock	•	ix

^{*} These schedules, which are required by RSA Rule 68.1, have been omitted because they are either not required, not applicable or the information required to be presented is included in the Company's financial statements or the notes to financial statements.

Schedule A. Marketable Securities - (Current Marketable Equity Securities and Other Short-term Cash Investments) December 31, 2009

Name of Issuing Entity and Description of Each Issue	Number of Shares or Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Amount Shown in the Balance Sheet	Value Based on Market Quotations at Balance Sheet Date	Income Received and Accrued
		<u>p</u>		p
	NOT A	PPLICABLE		
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Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Affiliates) For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

						Dedu	ctions		_					
Name and Designation of Debtor		Beginning Balance Additions			Amount Collected		Amount Written-Off		Current		Non Current		Ending Balance	
Various Employees	₽	237,516	₽	3,125,333	₽	(1,044,833)	₽		₽	2,318,016	₽	-	P	4,636,032
AIB/Stockholder		325,779		-		(123,750)		-		202,029		-	-	404,05
3C Pawnshop/Affiliate		82,366		-		-		-		82,366		-		164,73
MF Insurance/Affiliate		1,000		-		-		-		1,000				2,00
	P	646,661	₽	3,125,333	₽	(1,168,583)	₽	-	₽	2,603,411	₽	-	₽	5,206,82

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Schedule C. Non-current Marketable Equity Securities, Other Long-term Investments, and Other Investments For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	BEGINNING	BALANCE		ADDITION	NS		DEDUC"	TIONS	ENDING 1	BALANCE	Dividends
Name of Issuing Entity and Description of Investment	Number Shares of Principal Amount of Bouds and Notes	Amount in Pesos	Equity Earnings (I of Inves for the P	Losses) itees	Others		Distribution of Earnings by Investees	Others	Number Shares of Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Amount in Pesos	Received/ Accrued from Investments Not Accounted for by the Equity Method
At Equity: Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation	9,000,000	₽ 75,000,000	₽	- P	-	₽	-	₽	- 9,000,000	P 75,000,000	₽
		75,000,000		-	•		-			75,000,000	
		₽ 150,000,000	₽	- P	-	₽	-	₽		₽ 150,000,000	₽

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Schedule D. Indebtedness to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates December 31, 2009

Name of Affiliate		Beginning Balance		Ending Balance		
Amalgamted Investment Bancorporation	þ	119,300,000	₽	182,100,000		
	Þ	119,300,000	p	182,100,000		

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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION

Schedule E. Intangible Assets - Other Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

				╞	Deduc Charged to	ction	Charged to		Other Changes-					
Description	Beginning Balance		Additions At Cost		Costs and Expenses		Other Accounts		Additions (Deductions)		Ending Balance			
	I	1		<u> </u>	·····	<u> </u>	7	-		-				
Computer Software	P 2,289,470	₽	-	₽	(464,490)	₽		₽		₽	- 1,824,980			
	₽ 2,289,470	D	-	п	(464,490)	Ð		п		n	1,824,980			

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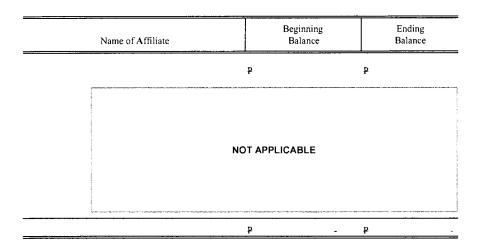
MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Schedule F. Long-term Debt December 31, 2009

Name of Issuer and Type of Obligation	Amount Authorized by Indenture	Amount Shown as Current	Amount Shown as Long-term	Remarks
(₽	₽	₽	
	NOT A	PPLICABLE		
	þ -	p -	P -	

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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Schedule G. Indebtedness to Affiliates and Related Parties (Long-term Loans from Related Companies) December 31, 2009



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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Schedule H. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers

December 31, 2009

Name of Issuing Entity of Securities Guaranteed by the Company for which Statement is Filed	Title of Issue of Each Class of Securities Guaranteed	Total Amount Guaranteed and Outstanding	Amount Owned by the Company for which Statement is Filed	Nature of Guarantee
--	--	---	---	------------------------

₽ ₽

NOT APPLICABLE

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MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Schedule I. Capital Stock December 31, 2009

		Number of	Number of Shares Reserved for Options,	Nu	mber of Shares Held I	Ву
Title of Issue	Number of Shares Authorized	Shares Issued and Outstanding	Warrants, Conversions, and Other Rights	Affiliates	Directors, Officers and Employees	Others
Common	300,000	191,862,405			17,046,719	174,815,686

REPORTS TO SEC PER SEC FORM 17-C

ANNEX B



January 23, 2009

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE

Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Center Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: **ATTY. PETE M. MALABANAN** Head, Disclosure Department

Sir:

We are submitting herewith SEC 17-C to disclose some material items discussed on Makati Finance Corporation's Board of Director's Meeting. Held today, January 23, 2009 at Ascott Residences.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION

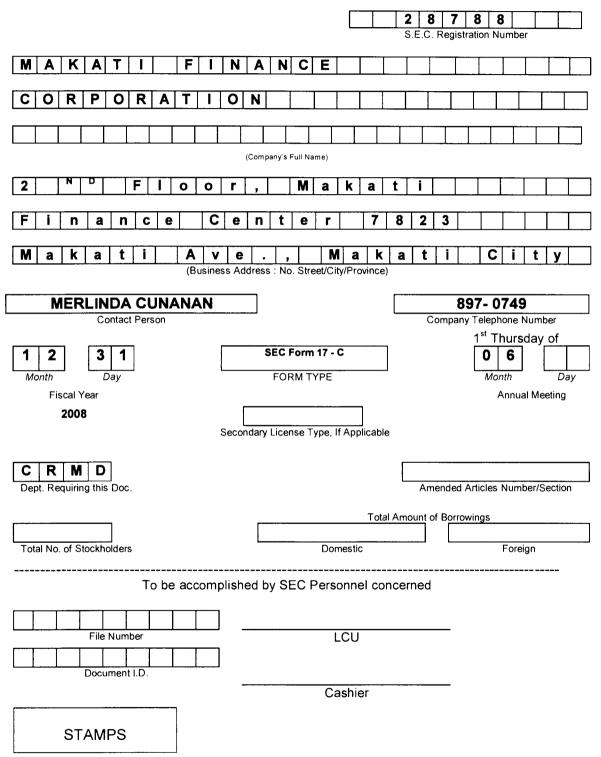
Registrant

By:

MUMMU MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Asst. Accounting & Finance Mgr

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121

COVER SHEET



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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. January 23, 2009 (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: _____28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. **MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION** Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. Metro Manila, Philippines _____ 6 Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation

6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:

1210

Postal Code

- 7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office
- 8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,042,689

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

The regular quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION ("MFC") was held today, January 23, 2009, all of the members of the Board of Directors were present and acting throughout. The Board has approved the designation and appointment as the Chief Information Officer and Compliance Officer of Ms. Merlinda V. Cunanan and additional Chief Information Officers namely Ms. Lourdes Violeta V. Malong, Mr. Alfred A. Reyes and Ms. Cynthia M. Gacayan. Also, the Board has approved the 2009 Budgeted CAPEX of P3.92M.

The next Board meeting was later set on April 03, 2009 at 9 o'clock in the morning.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Asst Accounting & Finance Mgr

. . . .

_ _

Date: 23 January 2009



April 03, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC. Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: **MR. NOEL B. DEL CASTILLO** OIC, Disclosure Department

Sir:

We are submitting herewith SEC 17-C to disclose some material items discussed on Makati Finance Corporation's Board of Director's Meeting. Held today, April 03, 2009 at Ascott Residences.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

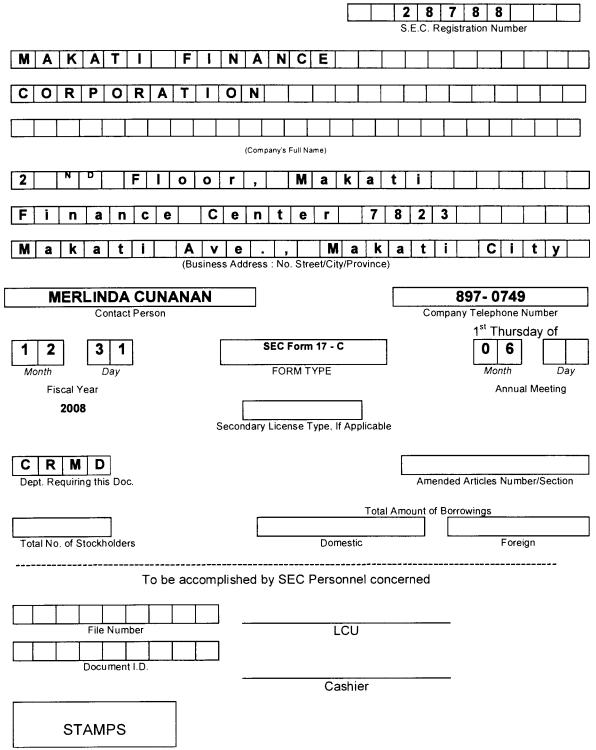
By:

Murana MERLINDA V. CUNANAN

MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Asst. Accounting & Finance Mgr

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. April 03, 2009 (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. Metro Manila, Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation

6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:

1210

Postal Code

7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office

8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code

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 N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

	Number of Shares of Common Stock
Title of Each Class	Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,042,689

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

The regular quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION ("MFC") was held today, April 03, 2009, all of the members of the Board of Directors were present and acting throughout.

The Board approved the UCPB term loan amounting to P50M and a BP Facility amounting to P10M. Also, the Board approved to participate in the linkage on electronic share registration system called EDR (Electronic Direct Registration) of PASTRA.NET through our stock transfer agent, Securities Transfer Services, Inc or STSI.

The next Board meeting and the Annual Stockholders' meeting was later set on June 4, 2009 at 3pm and 5pm respectively, with May 7, 2009 as record date.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By: MERLENDA V. CUNANAN Asst. Accounting & Finance Mgr.

Date: <u>03 April 2009</u>



June 04, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: **MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION** Head, Disclosure Department

Ma'am:

We are submitting herewith SEC 17-C to disclose some material items discussed on Makati Finance Corporation's Board of Director's Meeting and Annual Stockholders' Meeting. Held today, June 04, 2009 at Ascott Residences.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

man MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER

1. June 04, 2009

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966 4. MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter 5. Metro Manila. Philippines 6. (SEC Use Only) Province, country or other jurisdiction of Industry Classification Code: incorporation 7. 7823 Makati Avenue, Poblacion, Makati City 1210 Address of principal office Postal Code 8. (632) 896-02-21 Registrant's telephone number, including area code 9. N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Section 4 and 8 of the RSA Title of Each Class Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding 191.042.689 Common Shares

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein:.....

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION ("MFC") was held on June 04, 2009, at which at all of the members of the Board of Directors were present and acting throughout. The Board approved the minutes of the Board meeting last April 03, 2009. The management presented its report for the month ended April 30, 2009. The Board approved the declaration of stock dividends in the amount of P819,764.22 or an equivalent to 819,716 (net of fractional shares) or 0.4291000217% to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009. The Board also approved the declaration of cash dividends in the amount of P819,764.22 or an equivalent of P0.00429100021 (0.4291000217%) per share to each stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009. Both dividends shall be taken from the audited net profits of the Corporation as of December 31, 2008. Stock dividends shall be taken from the un-issued capital stock. Payment of the stock dividends shall be not later than July 28, 2009, where fractional shares shall be paid in cash. Cash dividends shall also be paid not later than July 28, 2009. The Board was also informed that Philippine Stock Exchange denied the Company's request for an additional six (6) months gestation period for the Follow-On Offering reckoned from April 29, 2009, within which to firm up Makati Finance Corporation's plans and offering timetable. The Board and

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121 Stockholders approved the amendment of the By-Laws of the Corporation amending the date of the Annual Stockholders Meeting from the first Thursday of June to the last Thursday of June.

The Next Board meeting was later set on September 25, 2009, Friday, at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Following the Board Meeting was the Annual Stockholder's Meeting of Makati Finance Corporation where the following resolutions where approved by the majority of the stockholder's of the Corporation:

I. <u>Approval of the 2008 Annual Report and 2008 Audited Financial Statements.</u>

II. <u>Ratification of acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management since the</u> immediately previous Annual Shareholder's Meeting of June 19, 2008.

" All the acts, contracts, investments and resolutions of the Board of Directors and Management up to the date of this meeting as reflected in the books and records of the Corporation be ratified".

III. <u>Elections of Directors of the Corporation</u>

"The following were elected as Directors of the Corporation for a term of one (1) year or until their successors have been elected:

ISIDRO B. BENITEZ JUAN CARLOS DEL ROSARIO TERESITA B. BENITEZ RENE B. BENITEZ MICHAEL WEE JOEL S. FERRER FRANCISCO C. EIZMENDI, JR. MAX O. BORROMEO EUGENIO E. REYES

Atty. Eugenio E. Reyes and Mr. Francisco C. Eizmendi, Jr. were elected as independent directors.

IV. Appointment of Independent External Auditors

" Messrs. SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO. be re-appointed as the Corporation's External Auditor for the Year 2009."

V. <u>Declaration of Dividends</u>

The Stockholders approved the proposal of the Board regarding declaration of stock dividends in the amount of P819,764.22 or an equivalent to 819,716 (net of fractional shares) or 0.4291000217% to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009. The Board also approved the declaration of cash dividends in the amount of P819,764.22 or an equivalent of P0.00429100021 (0.4291000217%) per share to each stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009. Both dividends shall be taken from the audited net profits of the Corporation as of December 31, 2008. Stock dividends shall be taken from the un-issued capital stock. Payment of the stock dividends shall be not later than July 28, 2009, where fractional shares shall be paid in cash. Cash dividends shall also be paid not later than July 28, 2009.

At the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held thereafter, at which meeting there existed a quorum, the Board of Directors unanimously elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Isidro B. Benitez	-	Chairman
Juan Carlos del Rosario	-	Vice-Chairman
Teresita B. Benitez	-	President
Max O. Borromeo	-	Senior Managing Director
Rene B. Benitez	-	Managing Director
Joel S. Ferrer	-	Treasurer
Servando B. Alvarez, Jr.	-	Assistant Treasurer
Atty. Danilo Enrique O. Co	-	Corporate Secretary
Ms. Cynthia M. Gacayan	-	Chief Operating Officer
Ms. Merlinda V. Cunanan	-	Chief Information Officer and
		Compliance Officer

During the same meeting, the Board of Directors elected the chairmen and members of the following committees:

	Executive Committee		Audit Committee
Chairman	: Mr. Max O. Borromeo	Chairman	: Atty. Eugene E. Reyes*
Members	:	Members	:
	Mr. Juan Carlos Del Rosario		Dr, Isidro B. Benitez
	Mr. Rene B. Benitez		Mr. Joel S. Ferrer
	Ms. Teresita B. Benitez		Mr. Carlos del Rosario
	Mr. Joel S. Ferrer		
	Compensation Committee		Nomination Committee

Chairman	:	Joel S. Ferrer	Chairman	:	Mr. Rene B. Benitez
Members	:		Members	:	
		Dr. Isidro B. Benitez			Mr. Max O. Borromeo
		Mr. Francisco Eizmendi Jr. *			Mr. Francisco Eizmendi Jr. *

* Independent Directors

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 04, 2009

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

Menami MERLINDA V. CUNANAN

Accounting & Finance Manager



September 25, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC. Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Head, Disclosure Department

Madam:

We are submitting herewith SEC 17-C to disclose some material items discussed on Makati Finance Corporation's Board of Director's Meeting. Held today, September 25, 2009 at Ascott Residences.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

man MERLINDA V. CUNANAN

Accounting & Finance Manager

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. September 25, 2009 (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. **MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION** Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. Metro Manila, Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation
- 7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office

1210 Postal Code

6. (SEC Use Only)

Industry Classification Code:

- 8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,862,405

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

The regular quarterly meeting of the Board of Directors of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION ("MFC") was held today, September 25, 2009, at which at least a majority of the members of the Board of Directors were present and acting throughout.

The Board approved the provision of Bad Debts in the amount of P4,583,323 in September 2009. Furthermore, the Board approved the proposal of Management to write-off identified Bad Accounts not to go over P17,543,323. This write off will be done in December 2009.

The Board also approved Resolution authorizing Mrs. Teresita B. Benitez or Mr. Max O. Borromeo to sign and deliver the Revised Listing Agreement of Philippine Stock Exchange.

The next Board meeting was later set on January 22, 2010 at 9 o'clock in the morning.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

Date: 25 September 2009



July 13, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC. Philippine Stock Exchange Center

Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Head, Disclosure Department

Dear Madam,

We would like to advise the Exchange that the SECURITIES TRANSFER SERVICES, INC. the stock and transfer agent of Makati Finance Corporation is a duly licensed transfer agent as per List of Transfer Agents With License for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010 furnished by Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") in a letter dated July 8, 2009.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

mam MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121



May 13, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC. Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Attention: Head, Disclosure Department

Ma'am:

We are submitting herewith SEC 17-C regarding PSE denied Makati Finance Corporation's request for additional six (6) months gestation period for the Follow-On Offering.

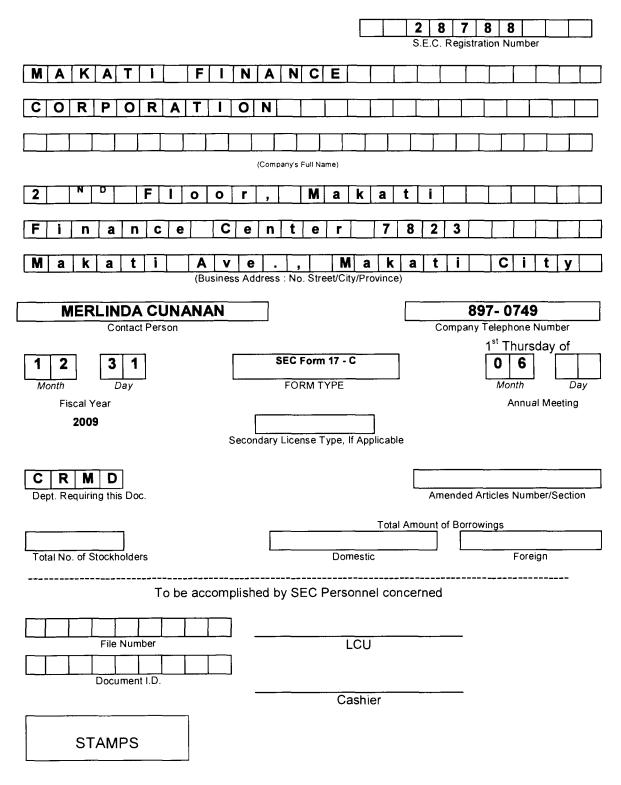
We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

> MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By MERLINDA V. CUNAN ASST. Accounting & Finance Mgr.

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121

COVER SHEET



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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. **May 13, 2009** (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. **MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION** Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- 5. Metro Manila, Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation

6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:

7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office **1210** Postal Code

- 8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. N.A.

Former name or former address, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,042,689

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

The Philippine Stock Exchange denied the Company's request for an additional six (6) months gestation period for the Follow-On Offering reckoned from April 29, 2009, within which to firm up Makati Finance Corporation's plans and offering timetable.

Please refer to Annex A for the complete content of the letter.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

uma

MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

Date: 13 May 2009

ANNEX A

PSE's LETTER



April 21, 2009

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION

2rd Floor, Makati Finance Center, 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City

Attention	*	TERESITA B. BENITEZ President
Re		Makati Finance Corporation Request for Extension on the Deferment Period for the Follow-On Offering Listing Application

Gentlemen:

We respond to your letter of March 36, 2009, requesting an additional six (6) months, reckoned from April 29, 2009, within which to firm up Makati Finance Corporation's "the "Company") plans and offering timetable in relation to its listing application for its follow-On Offering.

Please be informed that the Board of Directors of The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc., in its regular meeting on April 15, 2009, denied the Company's request for an additional six 16t months reckoned from April 29, 2009, to firm up the Company's olicring timetable. The Company may proceed with the post-approval offering and listing activities until April 29, 2009, which is the end of the six-month extension period previously granted by the Exchange. In the event the Company decides to forminate its offering or fails to advise the Exchange of its plan to resume the offering activities until April 29, 2009, the approval on the listing application will no for gerie effective and the processing fees paid by the Company will be forfering in two of the Exchange. However, this does not preclude the Company from re-filing the listing application with the Exchange in the suture.

Should you have any question or clarification on the foregoing matter, phrase do not hesitate to correspond with us.

Very tryly yours ROY (OSEPH M. RAFOLS) ROY IOSEPH M. RAFOLS Head, Issuer Regulation Division

Cc:

Stanley L. Saguinsin Associate Vice President Amalgamated Investment Bancorporation

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Number of Characters: 3,256 (approx.)			



July 14, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Head, Disclosure Department

Dear Madam,

This is to inform you that the Exchange approved on July 9, 2009 the application of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION to list up to an additional 819,764 common shares, with par value of P1.00 per share, to cover the 0.4291000217% stock dividend declaration to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. July 14, 2009 (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- Metro Manila, Philippines
 Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation
 6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:
- 7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office

1210 Postal Code

- 8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,862,405

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

Makati Finance Corporation received the advance scanned copy thru email on July 13, 2009 the Notice of Approval from the Philippine Stock Exchange. The letter stated that PSE approved on July 9, 2009, the application of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION (the "Company") to list up to an additional 819,764 common shares, with a par value of P1.00 per share, to cover the 0.4291000217% stock dividend declaration to stockholders of record as of July 2, 2009. They will send hardcopy as soon as billing statement is available.

Listing date shall be scheduled three (3) trading days from compliance of various requirements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

Juma

MÉRLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

Date: 14 July 2009



July 14, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Head, Disclosure Department

Dear Madam,

This is to inform you that the Securities and Exchange Commission granted the request of MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION for additional time to submit its updated final prospectus, or until the market conditions have improved.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

man MERLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

COVER SHEET

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MERLINDA CUNANAN		897- 0749
Contact Person		Company Telephone Number
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE (SRC) AND SRC RULE 17(b)(3) THEREUNDER

- 1. July 14, 2009 (Date of earliest event reported)
- 2. SEC Identification Number: 28788
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No.: 000-473-966
- 4. MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter
- Metro Manila, Philippines
 Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation
 6. (SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:
- 7. **7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City** Address of principal office

1210 Postal Code

- 8. **(062) 896-02-21** Registrant's telephone number, including area code
- 9. N.A. Former name or former address, if changed since last report
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to SRC

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common Shares	191,862,405

11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9 - Other Matters

The Securities and Exchange Commission, on their letter dated June 29, 2009, granted the request of Makati Finance Corporation for additional time to submit its updated final prospectus, or until the market conditions have improved, subject to the submission of an updated prospectus, management discussion, Audited Financial Statements and Interim Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

una

MÉRLINDA V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

Date: 14 July 2009



June 26, 2009

THE DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC. Philippine Stock Exchange Center Exchange Road, Ortigas Complex Pasig City, Metro Manila

Attention: MS. JANET A. ENCARNACION Head, Disclosure Department

Ma'am:

We reply to your letter dated 25 June 2009 requesting for the Company's computation on the adjusted price and adjusted issued & outstanding shares based on the market data as of the end of trading period on 26 June 2009.

Computations were based on the formula attached to the letter with the heading "ADJUSTING THE CLOSING PRICE AND THE OUTSTANDING SHARES".

Adjusted Outstanding Shares (AOS)	=	Previous Outstanding Shares (POS) x (1 + SD)
(see note below)	=	191,042,689 x 1.004291000217
	=	191,862,453
Adjusted Closing Price (ACP)	=	Previous Closing Price (PCP) 1+ Rate of Stock Dividend (SD)
	=	<u>1.80</u> 1.004291000217
	=	1.79

Please note that the above computation of the Adjusted Outstanding Shares is subject to adjustment due to the resulting fractional shares, based on the record date of 2 July 2009, which will not be issued but paid in cash to the respective stockholders. The final adjusted outstanding shares may be computed only on 2 July 2009 after the stockholders as of said record date, and the resulting fractional shares, are determined.

We are making this disclosure in compliance with the Continuing Listing Requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange.

MAKATI FINANCE CORPORATION Registrant

By:

Merlinda V. CUNANAN Accounting & Finance Manager

2nd Floor, Makati Finance Building 7823 Makati Avenue, Makati City, Philippines Tel. (632) 899 4145 / 890 0526 Fax. (632) 899 4121 1946 - KS-

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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

The management of Makshill have colorative in ecolors for the materiale factor and interventations induced the material file statements is it and for each of the three years in the period ended Descenteer St. 2007. The following statements have need originated in conformaty with the papers hadrown departing standards and reflect amounts that are based on over elements or element or reprosed with in uppropriate consideration to materiality.

if a ministerator, management mumbers a system of accounting and reporting which provides for the overstary internal untitability revisive that dee termanisms are address authorized and reasonad, assets are categolated as a ust unauthierand over and working and liate must ore recognized. The management exercise divideages to the corepany's audit committee, and to darketerne available reading the and dark readers are the design of operators of internal controls that would adversely affact its barity to recent, process, and report triancial date in, indernaipension in level meanings sources one devicants and the devices management or other eventses lighted with the general.

The Musico of Directors reviews the Financial statements before such statements are approved and supmative to the stackholdors of the പ്രത്യാരം

SyCp. Sorres & Velaxo & Co. The independent appointed by the Board of Intertory and Storyholders, have sydred the feam of statements of the company in accordance with Philophie Standards on Augs by and have expressed their operion on the "Liness of preventarion approximately local and the report to the Company's Board of Directory and stockholders

م من المراجع الم DR. ISIDRO B. BENNTEZ

Chairman

June lithe 19 1/ Level to Contina Mycacavan y Propulsion

Personally came and appear before on the set of (5) (5) (5) St Makati City, Dr. Isidro Breiter, Ms. Terestlä Bender and Ms. 2010. at Makati City, Dr. Isidro Breiter, Ms. Terestlä Bender and Ms. Cynthia Gacayan with community Tax Centificate Nov. 28584252 (28584256, and 12227197) studed on East 18. Jan 18. A Last 14 of 2010 respectively at Makati City known to me and to me known (& be the tanse persons who executed the foregoing \$TATFMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY and acknowledged that they same is three three act and voluntary deed.

Disintroment consisting of management pages including this wherean the userowiedgement is written together with its Annexes, but been signed by the party and witnesses on each and every page thereof.

WITNESS WE HAND AND SEAL, of the place and on the date first above written

Doc No . 200 Рако Ма <u>бу</u> ваак ча <u>У</u>Д SPRING OF TOXIC

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